Page

Long-Term Risperidone Tx vs. Prolactin - Statistical Documentation for Manuscript Support - May 15, 2002

Protocols: RIS-CAN-19/RIS-CAN-20, RIS-USA-93/RIS-USA-97 and RIS-INT-41 Janssen-Ortho Inc. - Confidential

Table 21. Prolactin-related Side Effects by Prolactin Levels [ng/mL] at or above Upper Limit of Normal (ULN) (PAF - As Observed): Frequency Tables

Time Period	Prolactin-related Side Effects	N	Prolactin		obi Bauara Tark
			Above ULN*	Normal	Chi-Square Test p-Value
Pre-dose	Yes		2 (6.9)	28 (5.0)	0.6452
	No Total	592	27 (93.1) 29	535 (95.0) 563	
Weeks 4 to 7	Yes No		21 (5.4) 367 (94.6)	6 (3.7) 156 (96.3)	0.3979
	Total	550	388	162	
Weeks 8 to 12	Yes No		20 (7.8) 237 (92.2)	7 (2.9) 235 (97.1)	0.0158
	Total	499	257	242	
Weeks 16 to 24	Yes No Total	441	9 (5.1) 167 (94.9) 176	17 (6.4) 248 (93.6) 265	0.5699
Weeks 28 to 35	Yes	441	7 (4.7)	16 (6.5)	0,4669
	No Total	394	141 (95.3) 148	230 (93.5) 246	,
Weeks 40 to 48	Yes No	100	6 (5.5) 104 (94.5)	14 (5.6) 234 (94.4)	0.9422
	Total	358	110	248	

*ULN: The upper limit of normal for prolactin levels is 18 for males and 30 for females

Note 1) Prolactin-related side effects are adverse events classified under System Organ Class as "Endocrine disorders" or 'Reproductive disorders'

s:\428\c\analysis\freq_seprouln.sas

SciAn Services Inc. [Path] Long-term Risperidone vs Prolactin Pooled Analysis - Manuscript Support (Final) - 15May02.doc



²⁾ Prolactin-related side effects classified under Preferred Term as "Balanoposthitis", "Dysmenorrhoea", "Growth Hormone Excess", "Hernia Inguinal", "Hyperprolactinaemia", "Penis Disorder', "Sexual Function Abnormal", "Sialoadenitis", "Testis Disorder", "Thyroiditis", "Thyroid Stim. Hormone Decreased" and "Vaginitis Atrophic' were not included 14MAY02 07:22