

---

**From:** Pandina, Gahan [JANUS]  
**Sent:** Wednesday, November 20, 2002 8:39 PM  
**To:** Gharabawi, Georges [JANUS]  
**Subject:** C&A Prolactin Data

**Importance:** High



C&A.NAB.Prolactin.  
FINAL.ppt (3...

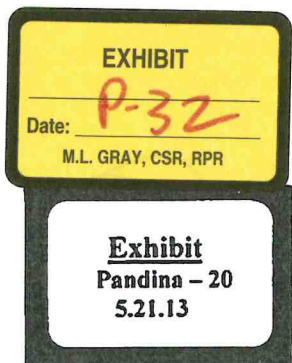
Georges,

Attached is the prolactin presentation (MRC reviewed) that was given at the national advisory board last week.

Gahan

Gahan J. Pandina, Ph.D.  
Assistant Director, CNS Clinical Development  
Janssen Pharmaceutica Products, L.P.  
1125 Trenton-Harbourton Rd \* Titusville, NJ 08560  
OFFICE: (609) 730 2324 \* FAX: (609) 730 3125  
EMAIL: gpandina@janus.jnj.com

Confidentiality Notice: This e-mail transmission may contain confidential or legally privileged information that is intended only for the individual or entity named in the e-mail address. If you are not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any disclosure, copying, distribution, or reliance upon the contents of this e-mail is strictly prohibited. If you have received this e-mail transmission in error, please reply to the sender, so that Janssen Pharmaceutica can arrange for proper delivery, and then please delete the message from your inbox. Thank you.



# Long-term Risperidone Treatment vs Prolactin Levels

Carin Binder, MBA  
Director, Clinical Affairs  
Janssen-Ortho, Inc.

# Questions From June Advisory Board

- How do prolactin values change over time?
- Is there as relationship between prolactin level and:
  - Duration of treatment
  - Age
  - Gender
  - Weight
  - SHAP
  - Motor effects
  - Clinical response
  - Comorbid ADHD and PSTIM

# **Description of Datasets and Baseline Demographics**



# Multicenter Studies of Risperidone Use in Children With Disruptive Behavior Disorders

| Study ID    | Design   | Duration (weeks) |
|-------------|--|------------------|
| RIS-CAN-19  | Double-blind, placebo-controlled                 | 6                |
| RIS-CAN-20* | Open-label follow-up to RIS-CAN-19               | 48               |
| RIS-USA-93  | Double-blind, placebo-controlled                 | 6                |
| RIS-USA-97* | Open-label follow-up to RIS-USA-93               | 48               |
| RIS-INT-41  | Separate open-label trial to collect safety data | 48               |

\* Eligibility limited to children with at least 2 weeks of treatment during the preceding double-blind trial

## REFERENCES

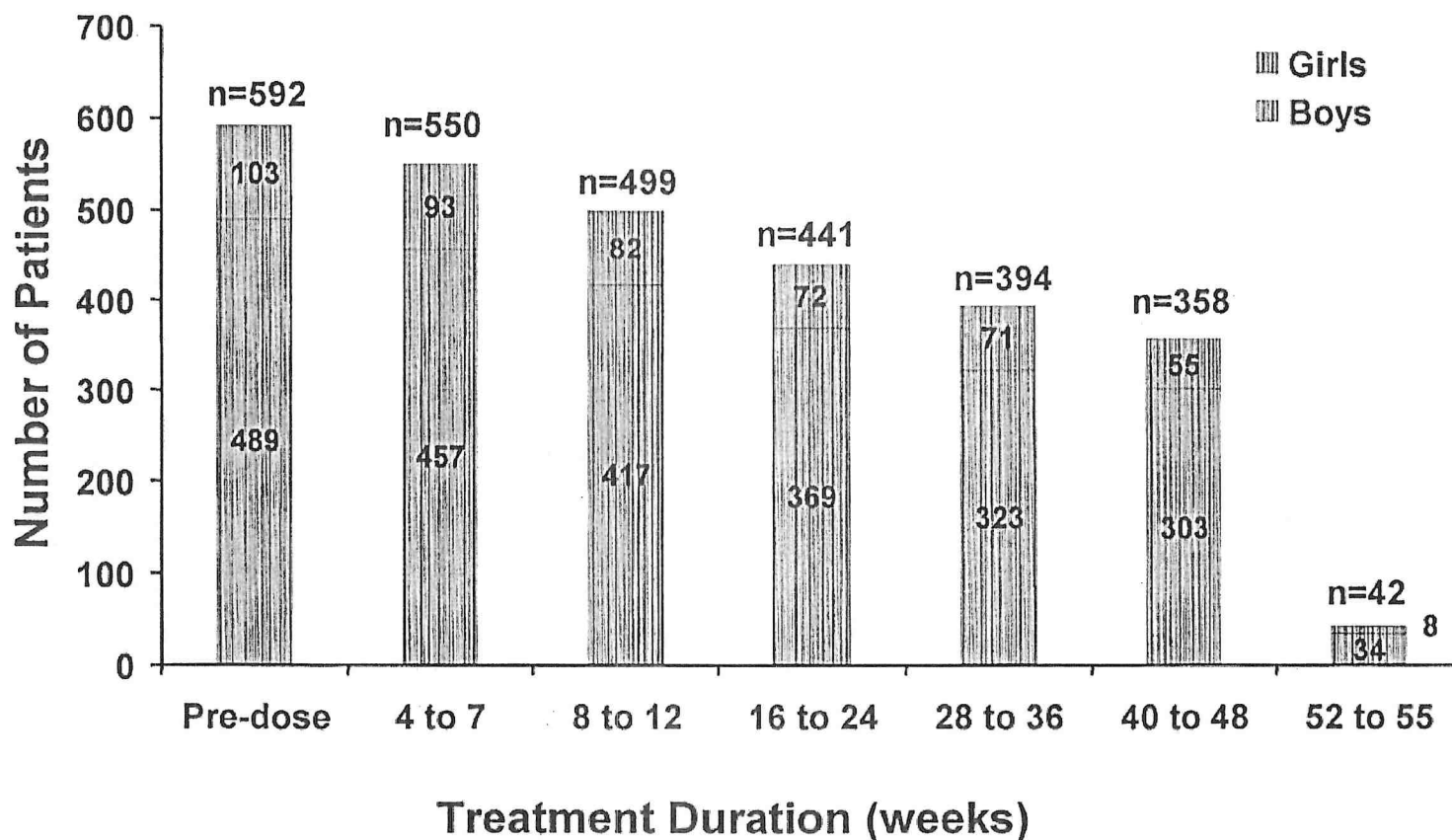
- Aman, M., DeSmedt, G., Derivan, A., Lyons, B., Findling, R. (2002). Double-blind, placebo controlled, study of risperidone for the treatment of disruptive behaviors in children with subaverage intelligence. *Am J Psychiatry*, 159, 1337-1346.
- Snyder, R., Turgay, A., Aman, M., Binder, C., Fisman, S., Carroll, A. (2002). Effects of risperidone on conduct and disruptive behavior disorders in children with subaverage IQs. *JAACAP*, 41:9, 1026-1036.
- Turgay, A., et al (2002). Long-term safety and efficacy of risperidone for the treatment of disruptive behavior disorders in children with subaverage IQs. *Pediatrics*, 110 (3), pp:e34.

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLP

# Analysis Populations

- ITT population
  - Patients who received at least 1 dose of risperidone
- Primary analysis population (PAP)
  - Subset of the ITT population with pre-dose and at least 1 post-dose PRL observation at or after 4 weeks

# Number of Patients With Prolactin Measurements at Each Time Point (PAP—as observed)



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Patient Demographics

| <b>Characteristic</b> | <b>ITT<br/>Population<br/>N=700</b> | <b>Primary Analysis<br/>Population (PAP)<br/>N=592</b> | <b>Non-PAP<br/>N=108</b> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| <b>Age, years</b>     |                                     |  |                          |
| <b>Mean (±SD)</b>     | <b>9.9 ± 2.4</b>                    | <b>9.9 ± 2.5</b>                                       | <b>9.7 ± 2.3</b>         |
| <b>Median (range)</b> | <b>9.9 (5.0–15.0)</b>               | <b>9.9 (5.1–15.0)</b>                                  | <b>9.8 (5.0–14.7)</b>    |
| <b>Gender, n (%)</b>  |                                     |  |                          |
| <b>Boys</b>           | <b>574 (82.0)</b>                   | <b>489 (82.6)</b>                                      | <b>85 (78.7)</b>         |
| <b>Girls</b>          | <b>126 (18.0)</b>                   | <b>103 (17.4)</b>                                      | <b>23 (21.3)</b>         |
| <b>Race, n (%)</b>    |                                     |  |                          |
| <b>Black</b>          | <b>78 (11.2)</b>                    | <b>57 (9.6)</b>  | <b>21 (19.6)</b>         |
| <b>White</b>          | <b>550 (78.7)</b>                   | <b>475 (80.2)</b>                                      | <b>75 (70.1)</b>         |
| <b>Other</b>          | <b>72 (10.1)</b>                    | <b>60 (10.2)</b>                                       | <b>12 (11.2)</b>         |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Pre-dose Characteristics

| Characteristic                | ITT Population               | Primary Analysis Population (PAP) | Non-PAP                      |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Tanner Stage, n (%)</b>    | <b>n=700</b>                 | <b>n=592</b>                      | <b>n=108</b>                 |
| 0                             | 6 (0.9)                      | 4 (0.7)                           | 2 (2.1)                      |
| 1                             | 487 (72.6)                   | 420 (73.0)                        | 67 (69.8)                    |
| 2                             | 96 (14.3)                    | 83 (14.4)                         | 13 (13.5)                    |
| 3                             | 44 (6.6)                     | 36 (6.3)                          | 8 (8.3)                      |
| 4                             | 29 (4.3)                     | 23 (4.0)                          | 6 (6.3)                      |
| 5                             | 9 (1.3)                      | 9 (1.6)                           | 0                            |
| NA                            | 29                           | 17                                | 12                           |
| <b>Weight, kg (±SD)</b>       | <b>n=698</b><br>35.1 ± 13.2  | <b>n=591</b><br>35.3 ± 13.4       | <b>n=107</b><br>33.6 ± 11.7  |
| <b>Height, cm (±SD)</b>       | <b>n=679</b><br>137.5 ± 15.6 | <b>n=573</b><br>137.8 ± 15.9      | <b>n=106</b><br>135.9 ± 14.3 |
| <b>IQ, mean (±SD)</b>         | <b>n=699</b><br>65.1 ± 13.4  | <b>n=591</b><br>65.1 ± 13.3       | <b>n=108</b><br>65.4 ± 14.0  |
| <b>DSM-IV Axis II, n (%)</b>  | <b>n=700</b>                 | <b>n=592</b>                      | <b>n=108</b>                 |
| Borderline mental retardation | 288 (41.2)                   | 236 (39.9)                        | 52 (48.1)                    |
| Mild mental retardation       | 282 (40.3)                   | 248 (42.0)                        | 34 (31.5)                    |
| Moderate mental retardation   | 129 (18.5)                   | 107 (18.1)                        | 22 (20.4)                    |
| NA                            | 1                            | 1                                 | 0                            |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

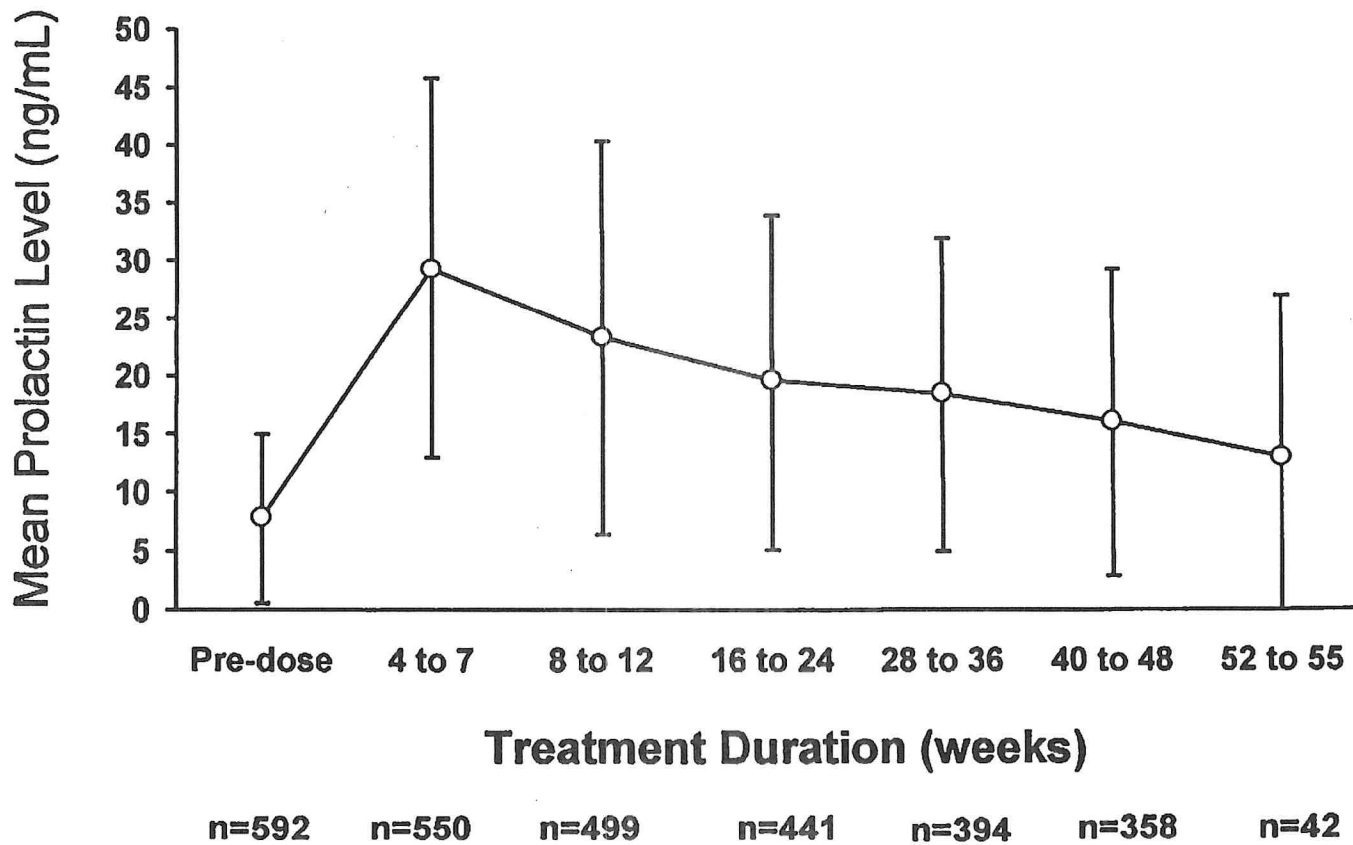
# Risperidone Dosing

|  | ITT Population<br>N=700         | Primary Analysis<br>Population (PAP)<br>N=592 | Non-PAP<br>N=108                   |
|--|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Duration of risperidone exposure (days)<br>Mean ± SD<br>Median (range) | 308 ± 116.1<br>359 (1 to 505)   | 319 ± 101.3<br>361 (28 to 505)                | 245 ± 163.4<br>336 (1 to 498)      |
| Average daily dose (mg)<br>Mean ± SD<br>Median (range)                 | 1.23 ± 0.72<br>1.20 (0 to 4.17) | 1.26 ± 0.70<br>1.22 (0 to 4.17)               | 1.05 ± 0.77<br>0.96 (0.02 to 3.48) |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Risperidone Dose

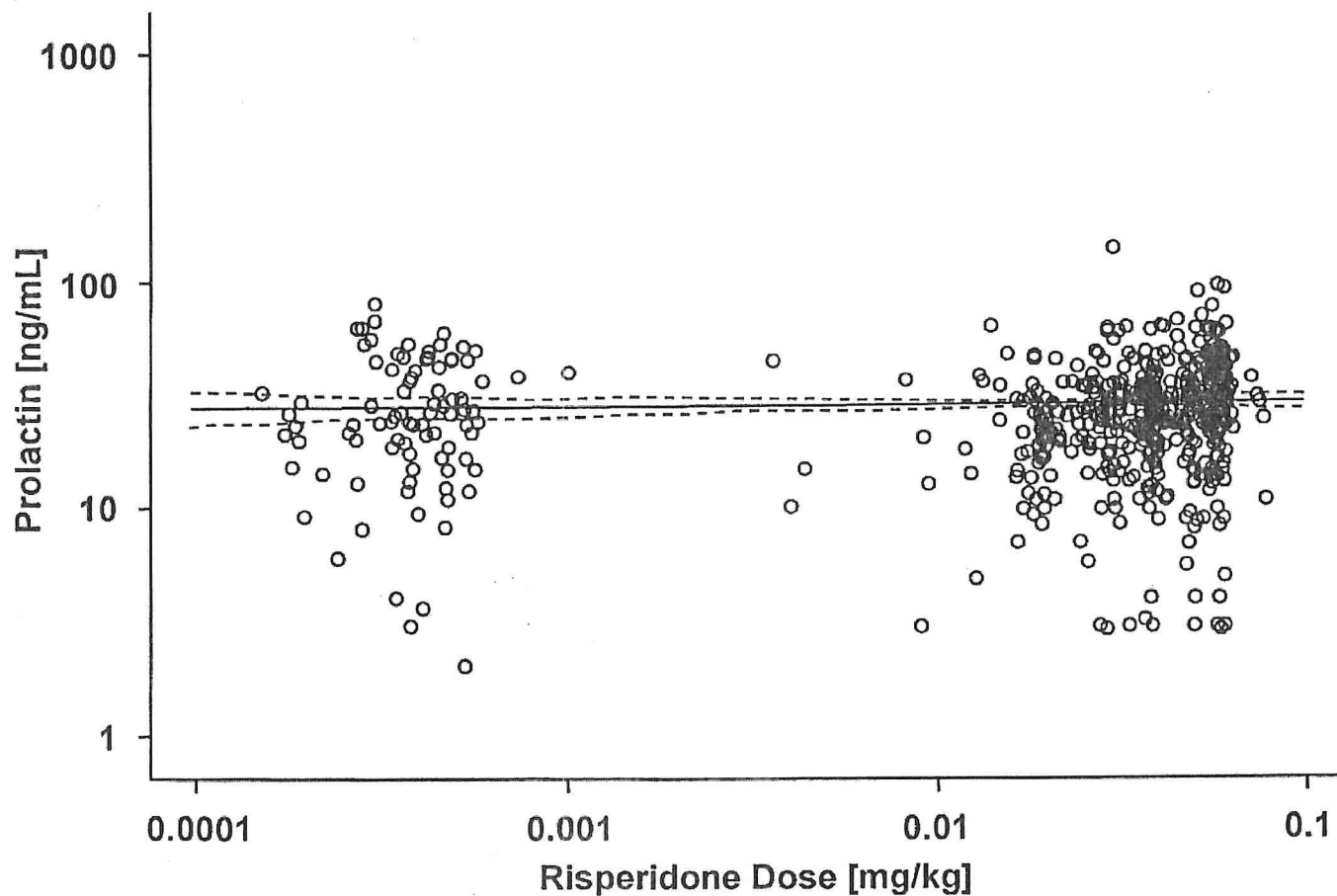
# Prolactin Levels by Exposure: All Patients





# Prolactin Levels vs Dose

Weeks 4 to 7 (PAP—as Observed): Log Scale

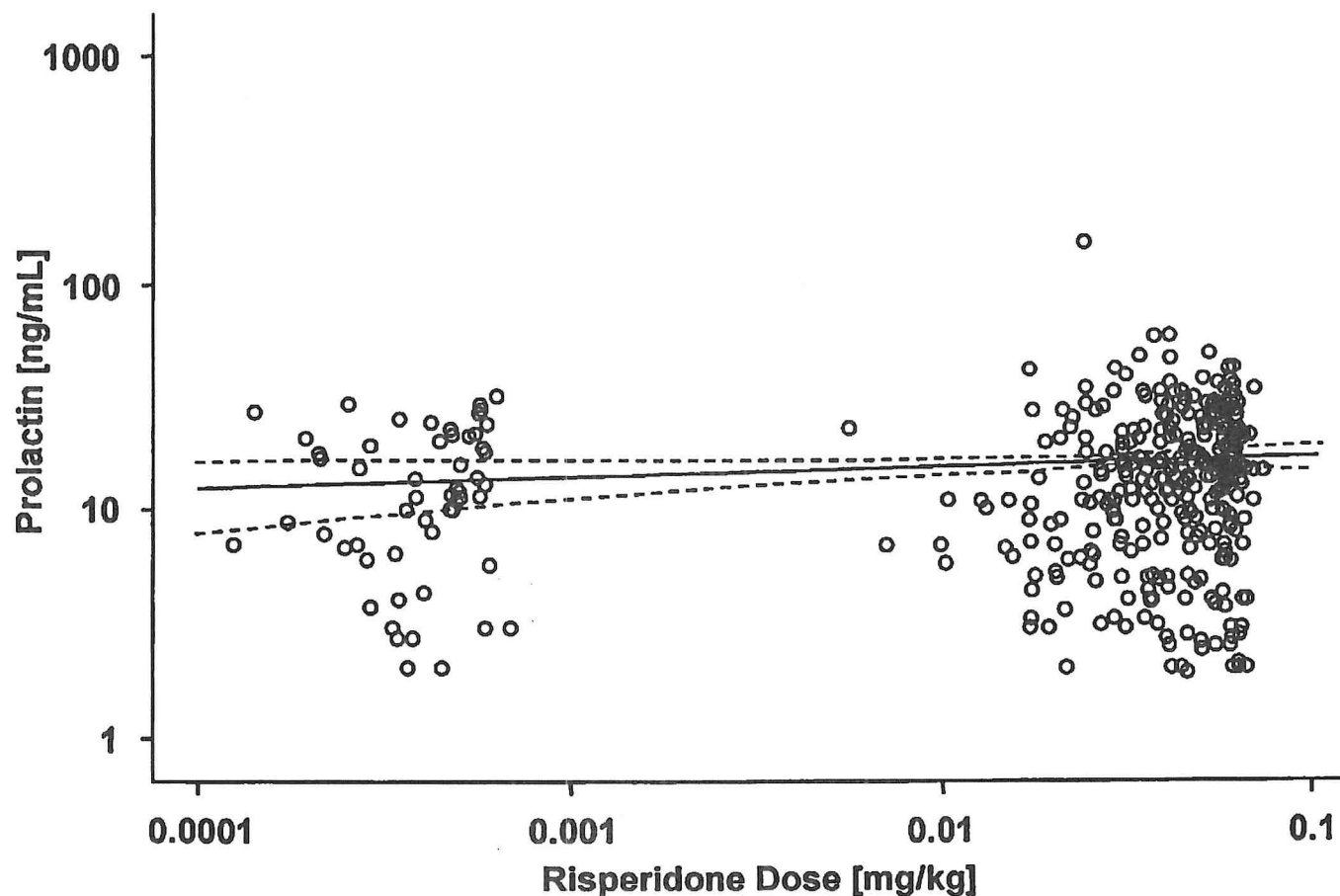


\*Log scale used due to large range of individual values for PRL and risperidone dose

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Prolactin Levels vs Dose

Weeks 40 to 48 (PAP-as Observed): Log Scale



\*Log scale used due to large range of individual values for PRL and risperidone dose

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Correlation Between Risperidone Dose and PRL Level

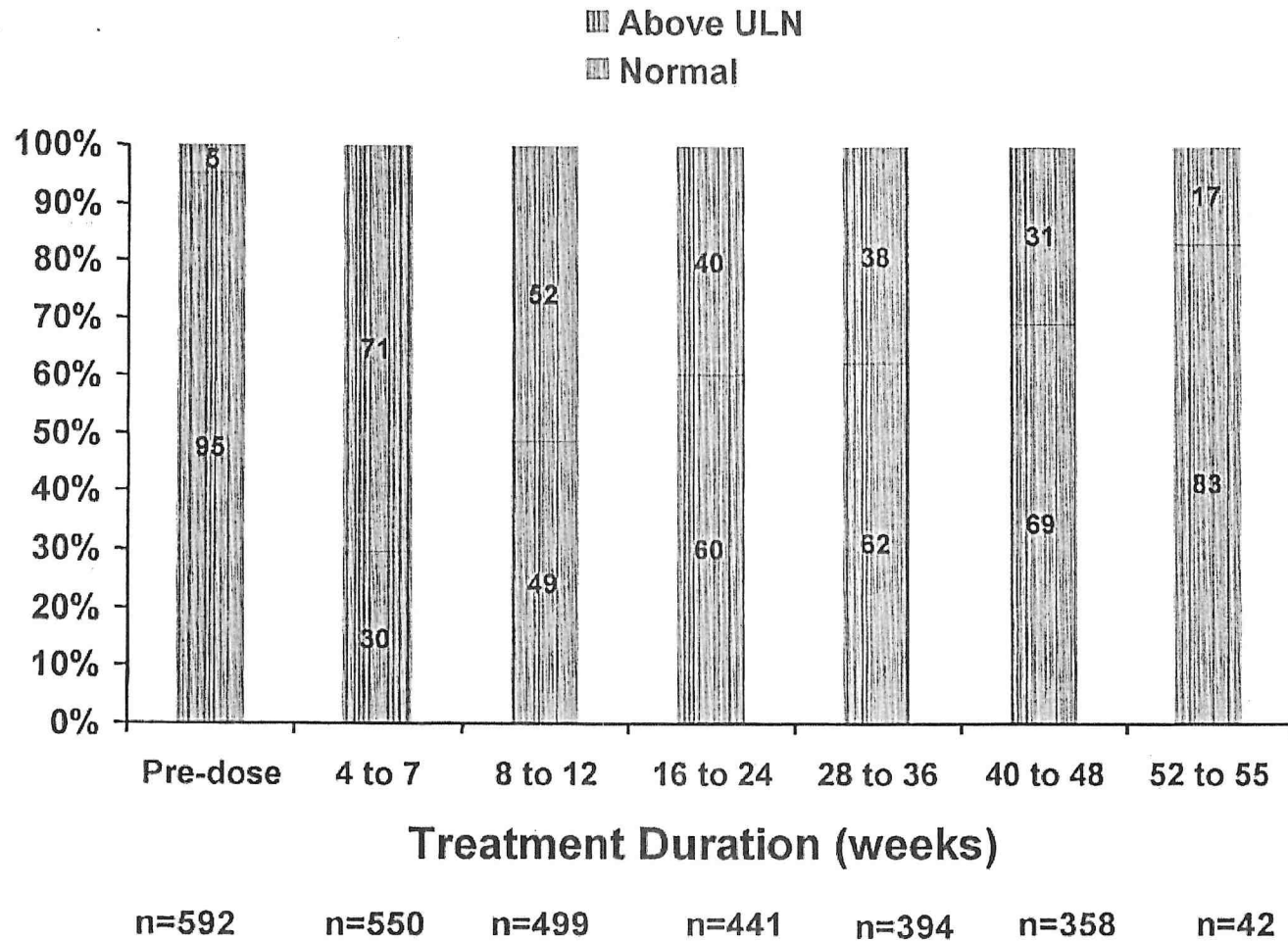
| Treatment Duration (weeks) | n   | Variance (Percent)* |
|----------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| Weeks 4 to 7               | 550 | 0.30                |
| Weeks 8 to 12              | 499 | 0.01                |
| Weeks 16 to 24             | 441 | 0.11                |
| Weeks 28 to 36             | 394 | 0.25                |
| Weeks 40 to 48             | 358 | 0.78                |

\*Percent of variation in prolactin level that can be attributed to risperidone dose;  $R^2 \times 100$

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

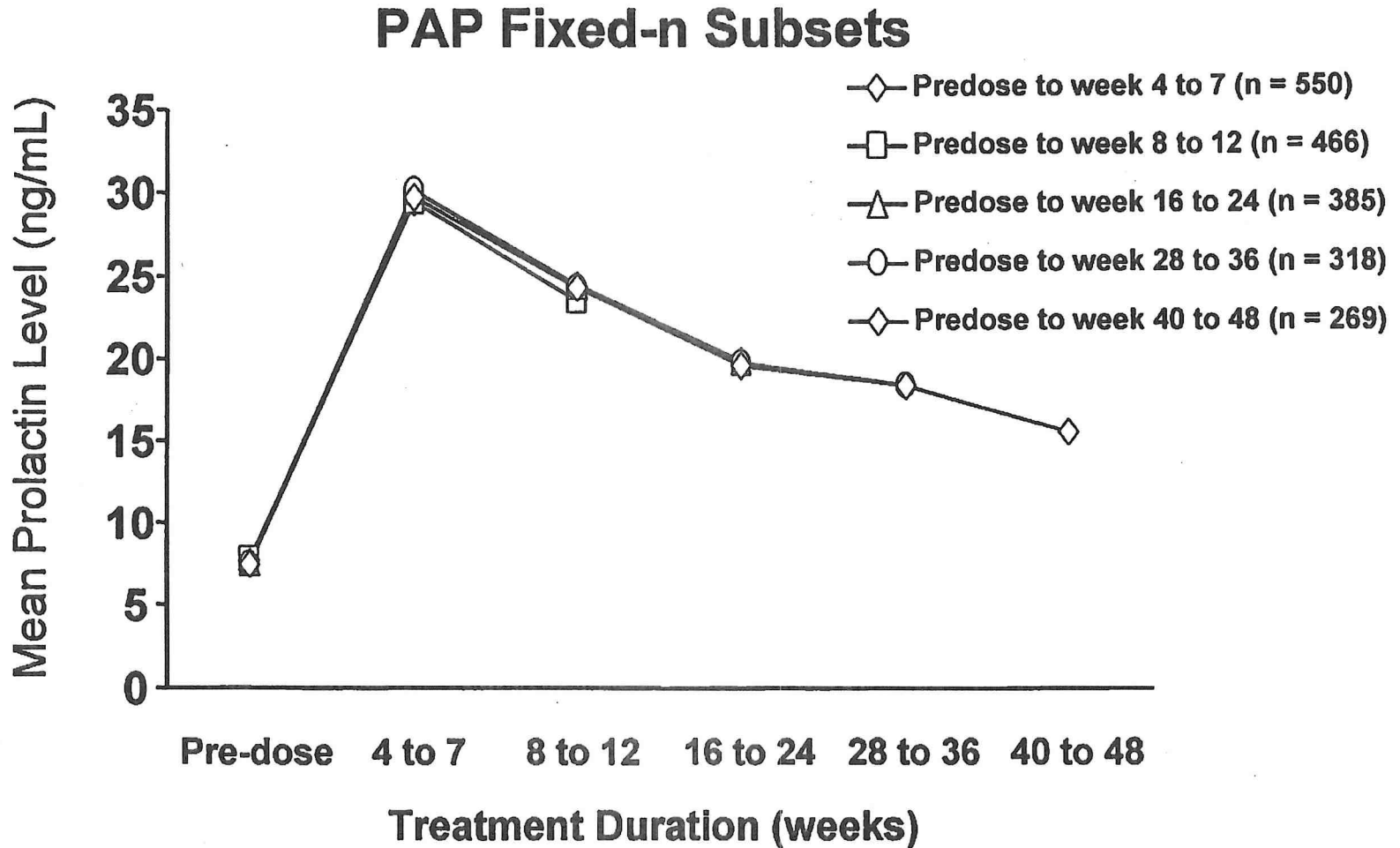
# Duration of Treatment

# Incidence of Prolactin Levels: Normal and Above Upper Limit of Normal



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

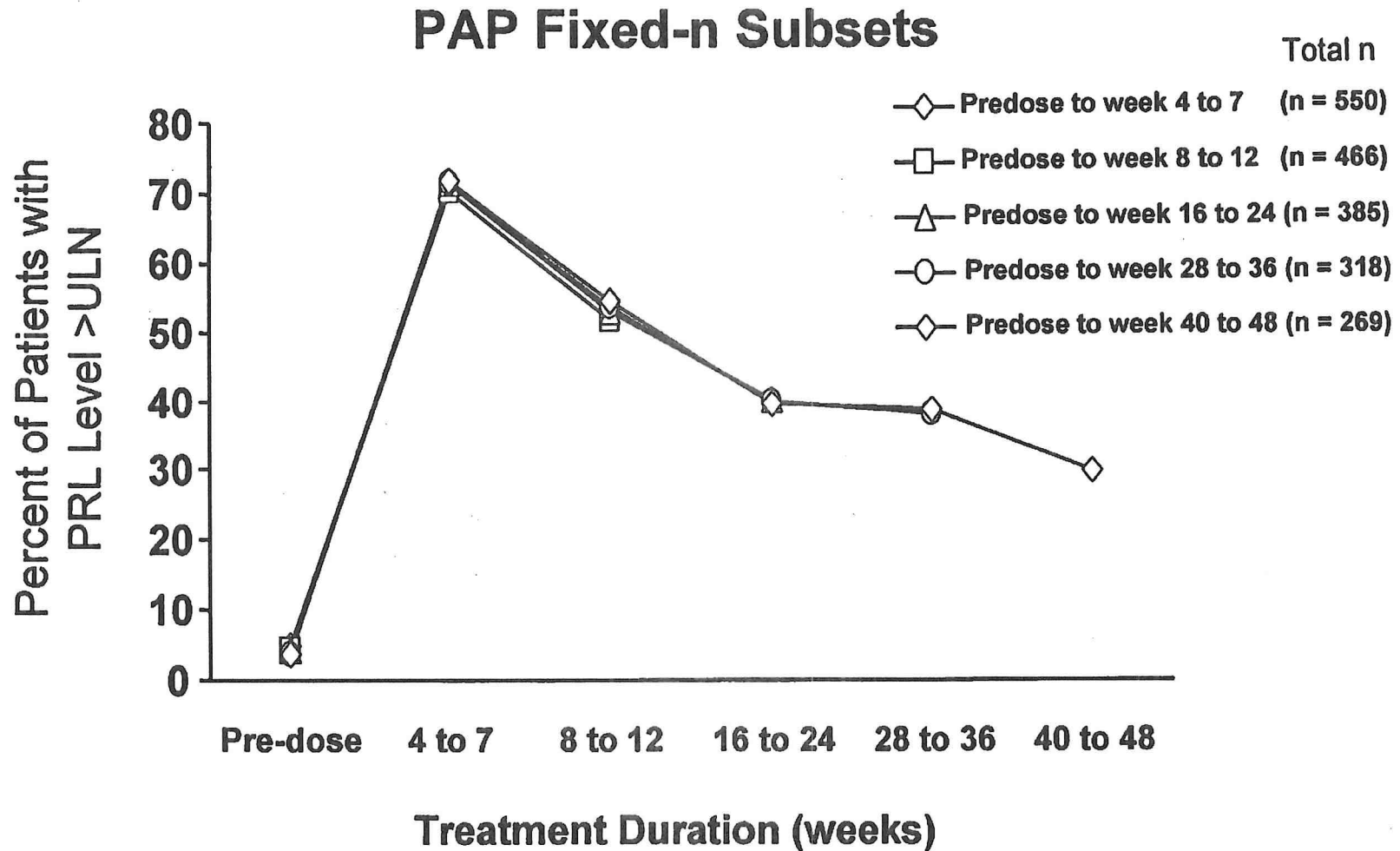
# Prolactin Levels by Exposure



To be included in a subset, patients had to have PRL measurements at all time points

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

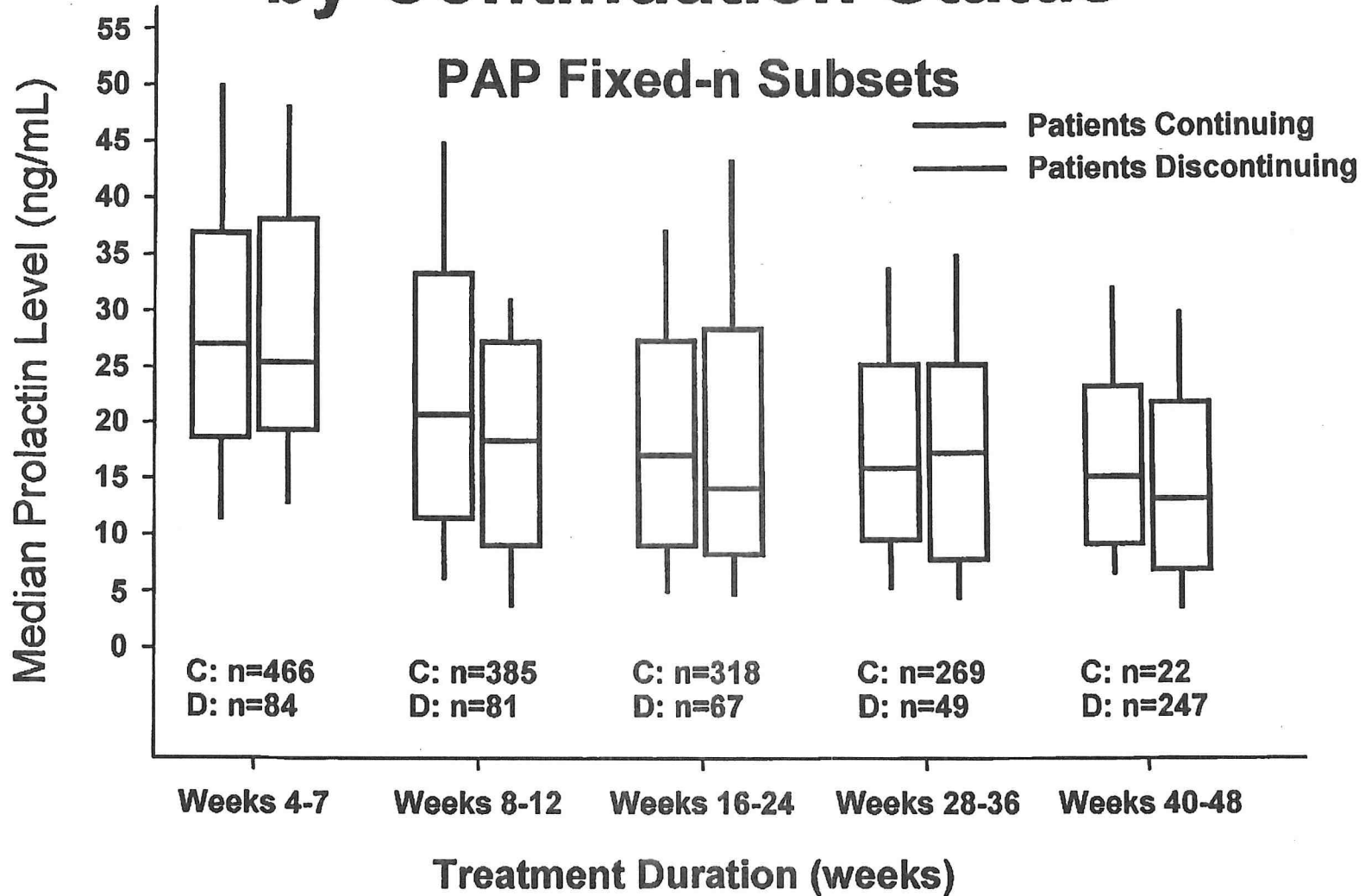
# Prolactin Levels by Exposure



To be included in a subset, patients had to have PRL measurements at all time points

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Prolactin Observations by Continuation Status



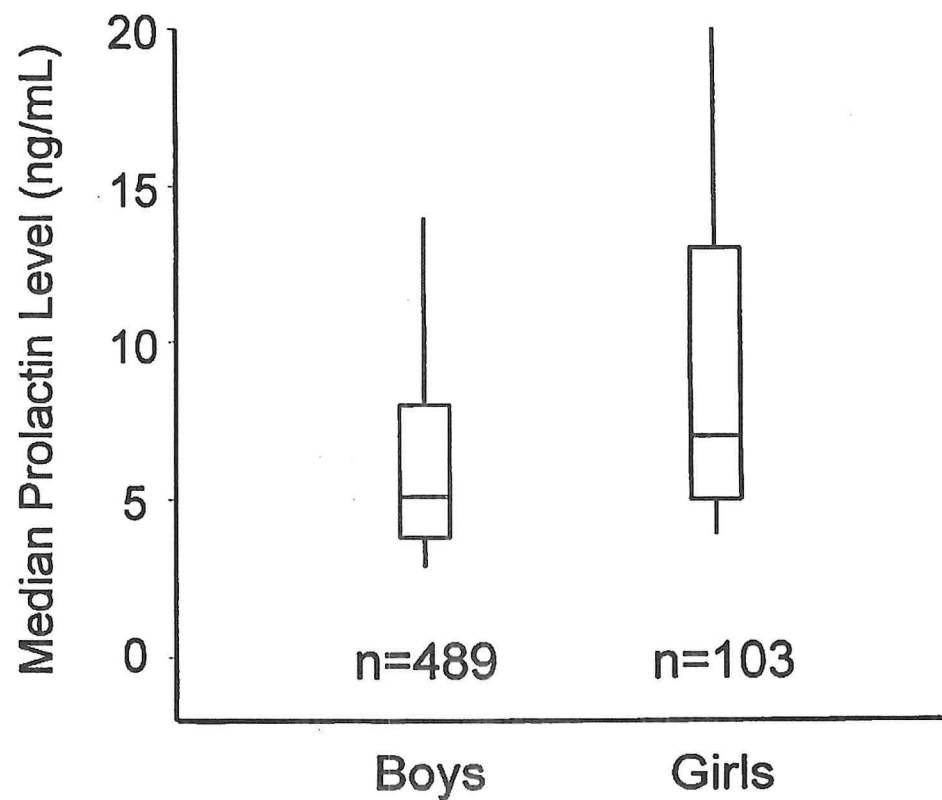
Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC



# Gender and Age

# Pre-dose Prolactin Level by Gender

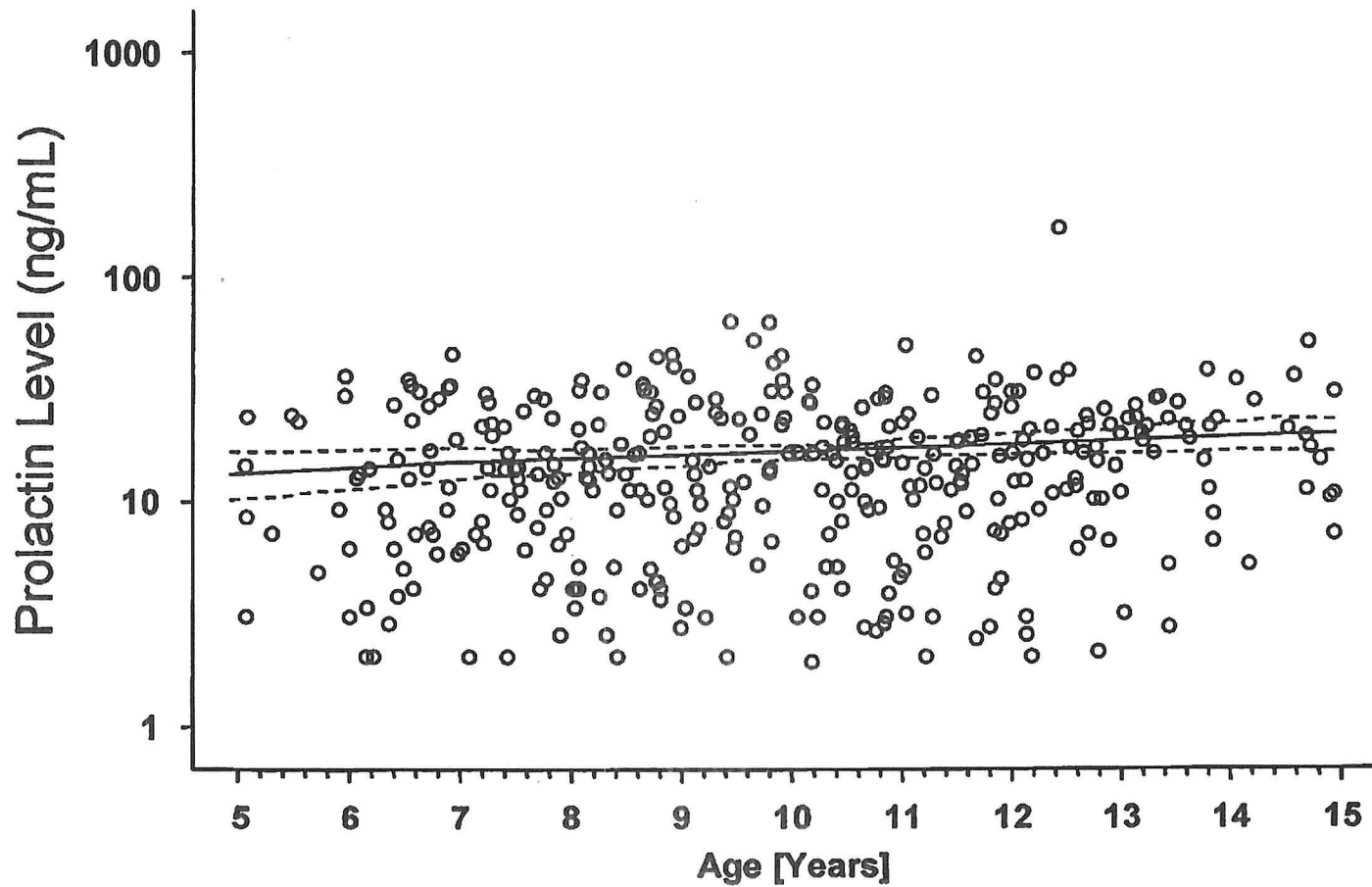
PAP—as Observed



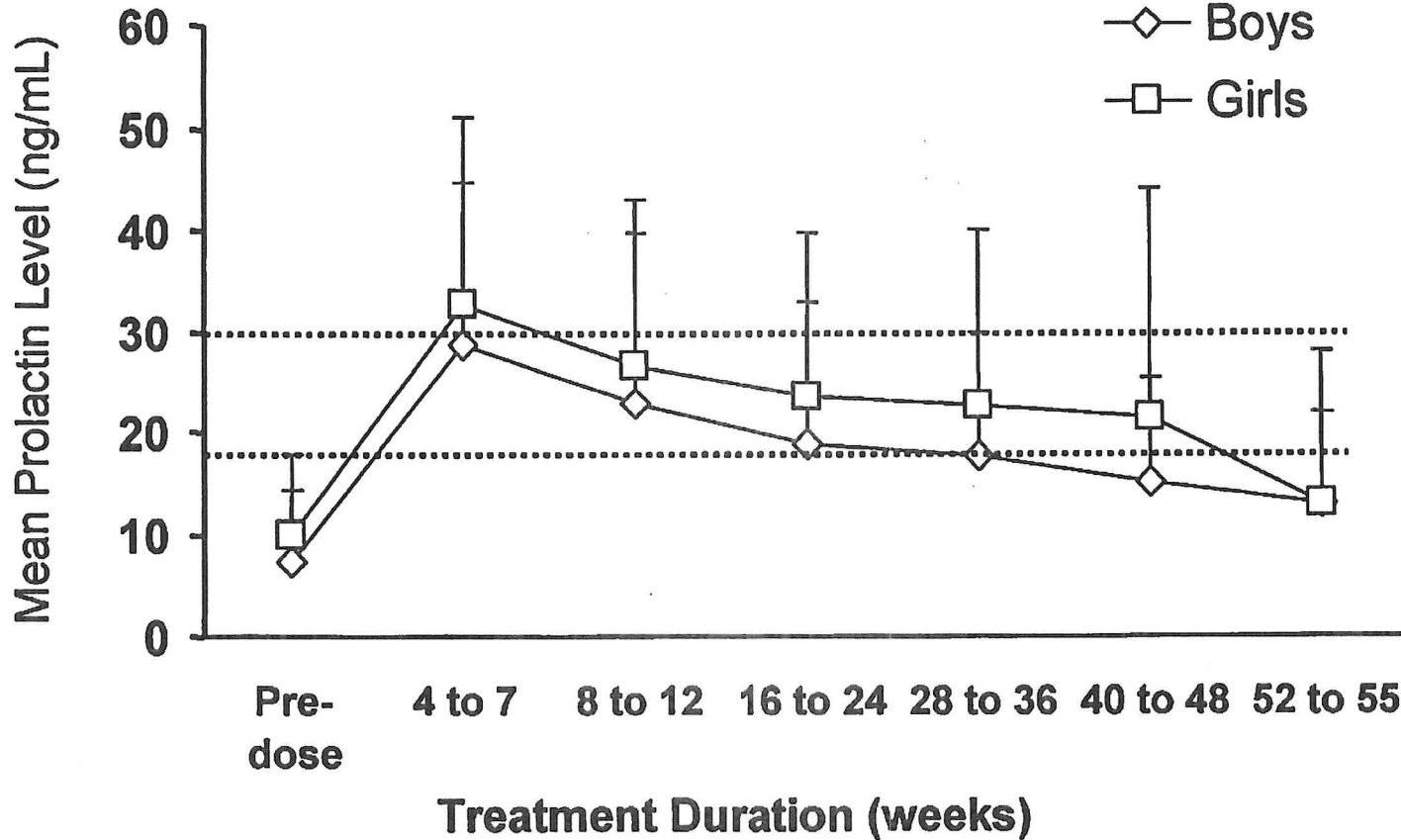
?

# Prolactin Levels by Age

Weeks 40 to 48 (PAP—as Observed)



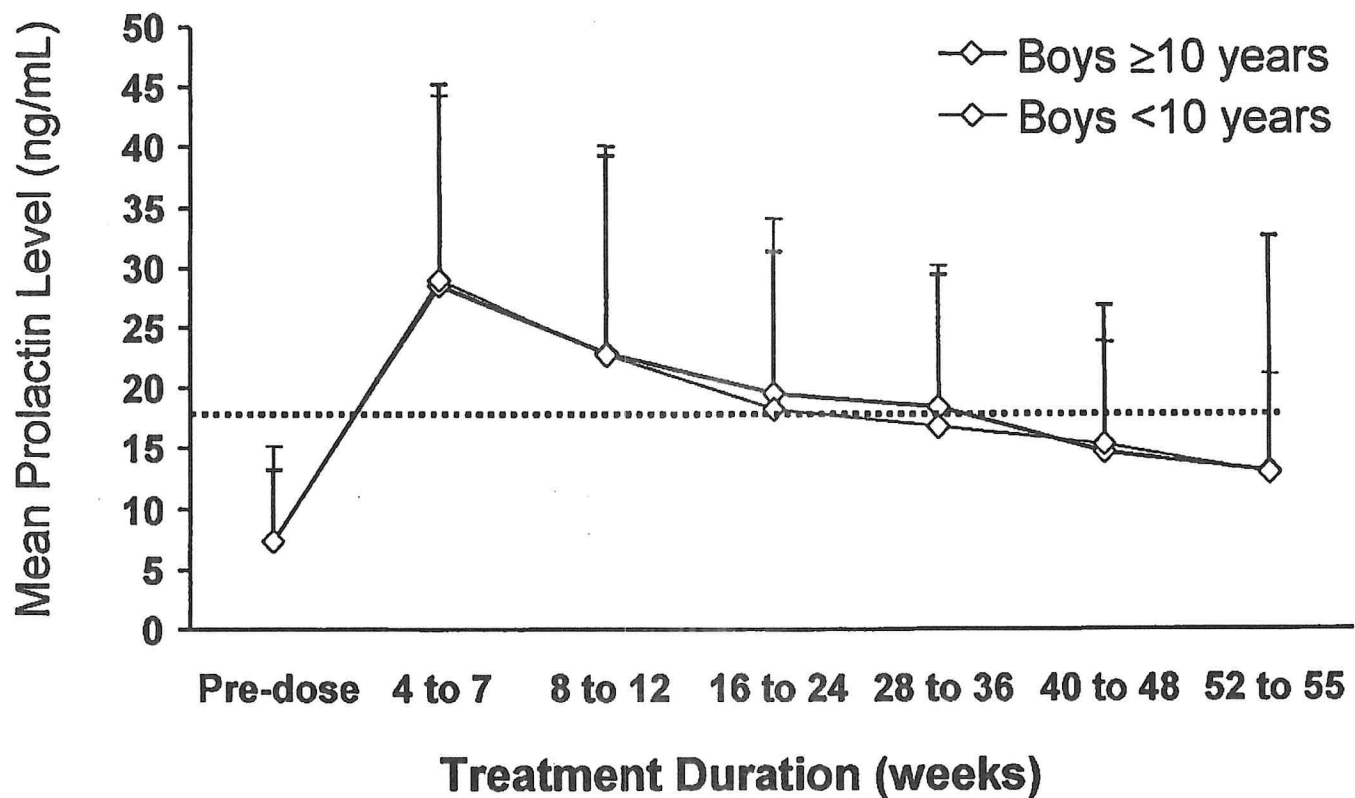
# Prolactin Levels by Gender



|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |      |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Boys  | n=489 | n=457 | n=417 | n=369 | n=323 | n=303 | n=34 |
| Girls | n=103 | n=93  | n=82  | n=72  | n=71  | n=55  | n=8  |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

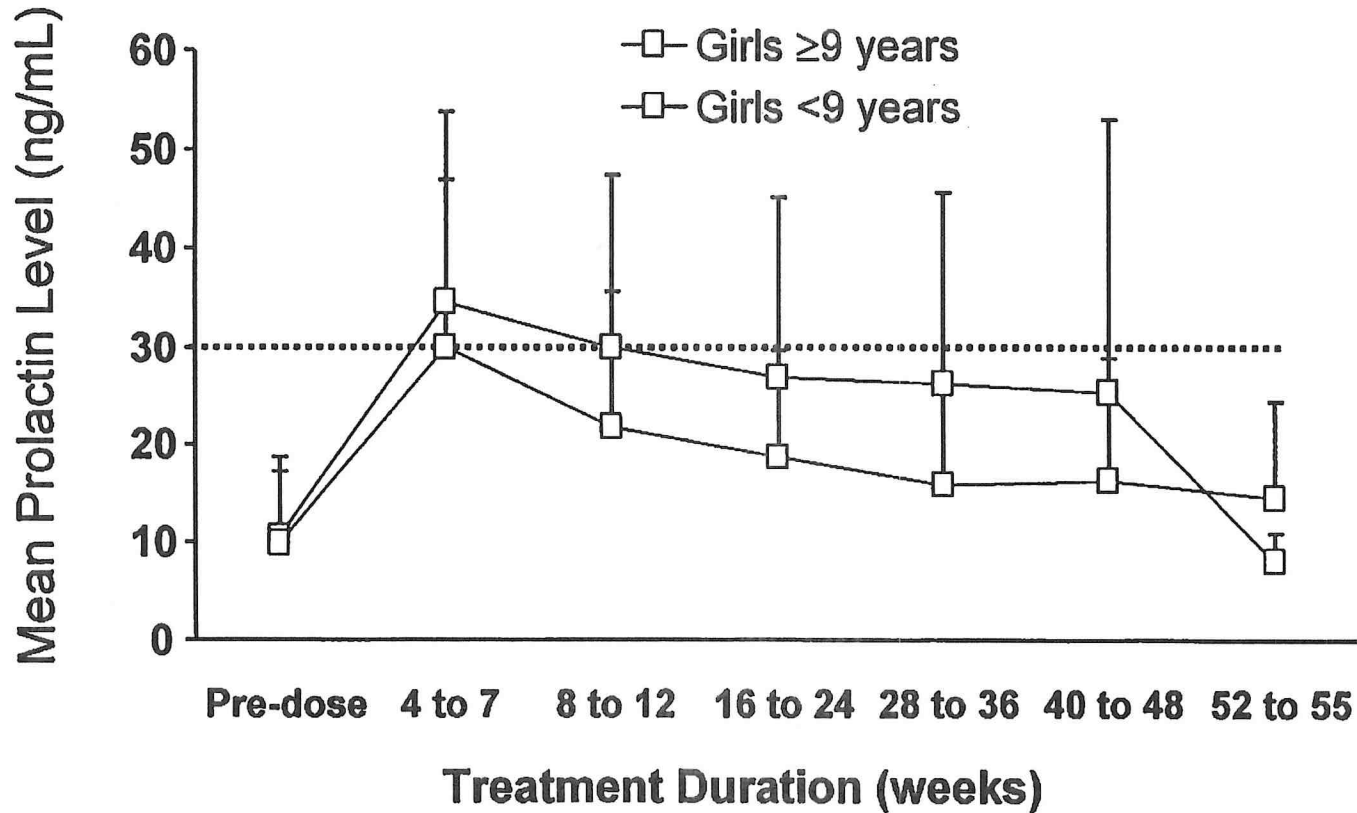
# Prolactin Levels in Boys $\geq 10$ vs $< 10$ Years of Age



|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |      |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Boys $\geq 10$ | n=234 | n=222 | n=209 | n=191 | n=156 | n=149 | n=16 |
| Boys $< 10$    | n=255 | n=235 | n=208 | n=178 | n=167 | n=154 | n=18 |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

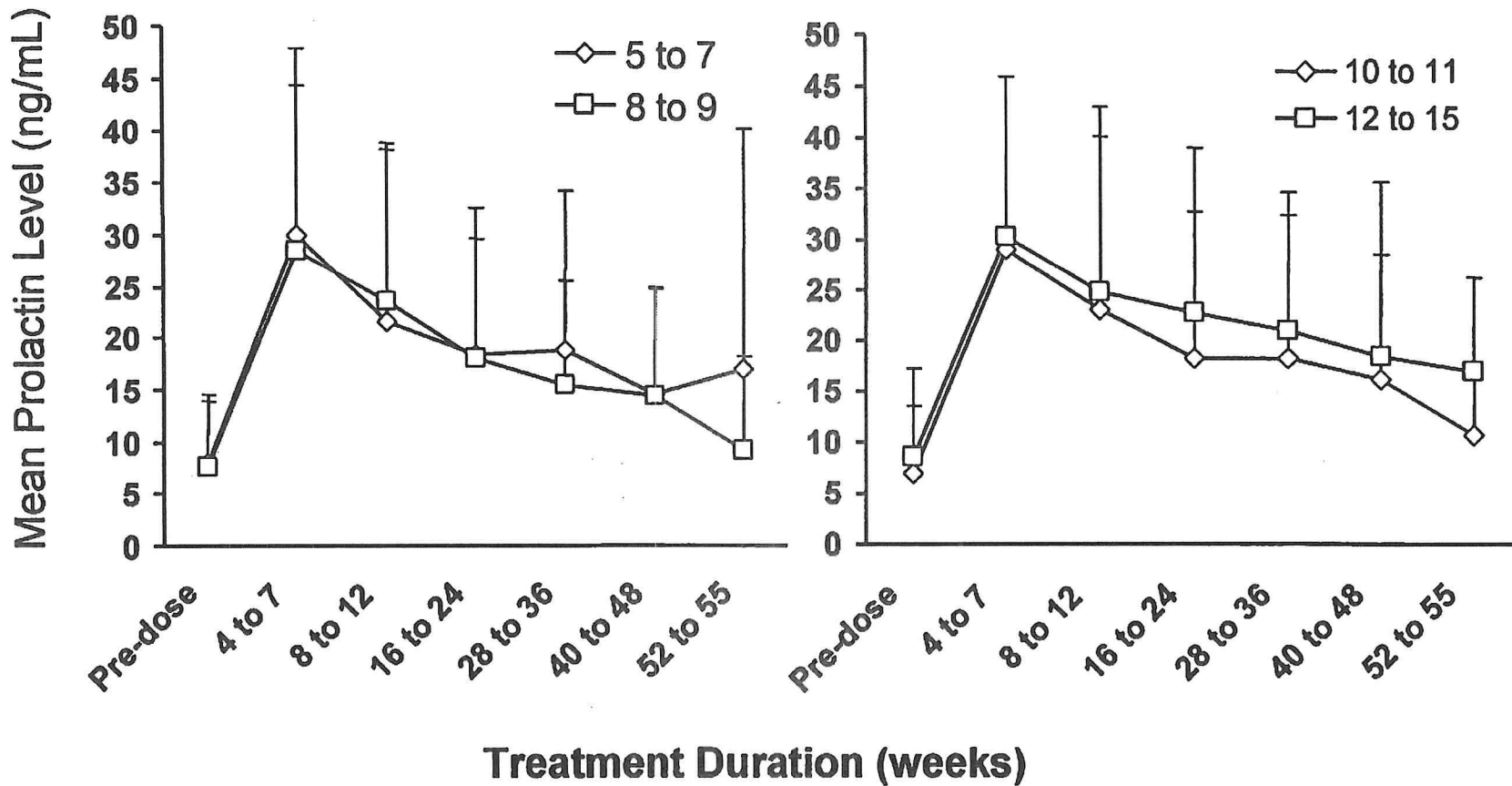
# Prolactin Levels in Girls $\geq 9$ vs $< 9$ Years of Age



|                |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| Girls $\geq 9$ | n=59 | n=54 | n=48 | n=43 | n=46 | n=31 | n=2 |
| Girls $< 9$    | n=44 | n=39 | n=34 | n=29 | n=25 | n=24 | n=6 |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Prolactin Levels by Age Group: All Patients



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC



# Correlation Between PRL Level and Age

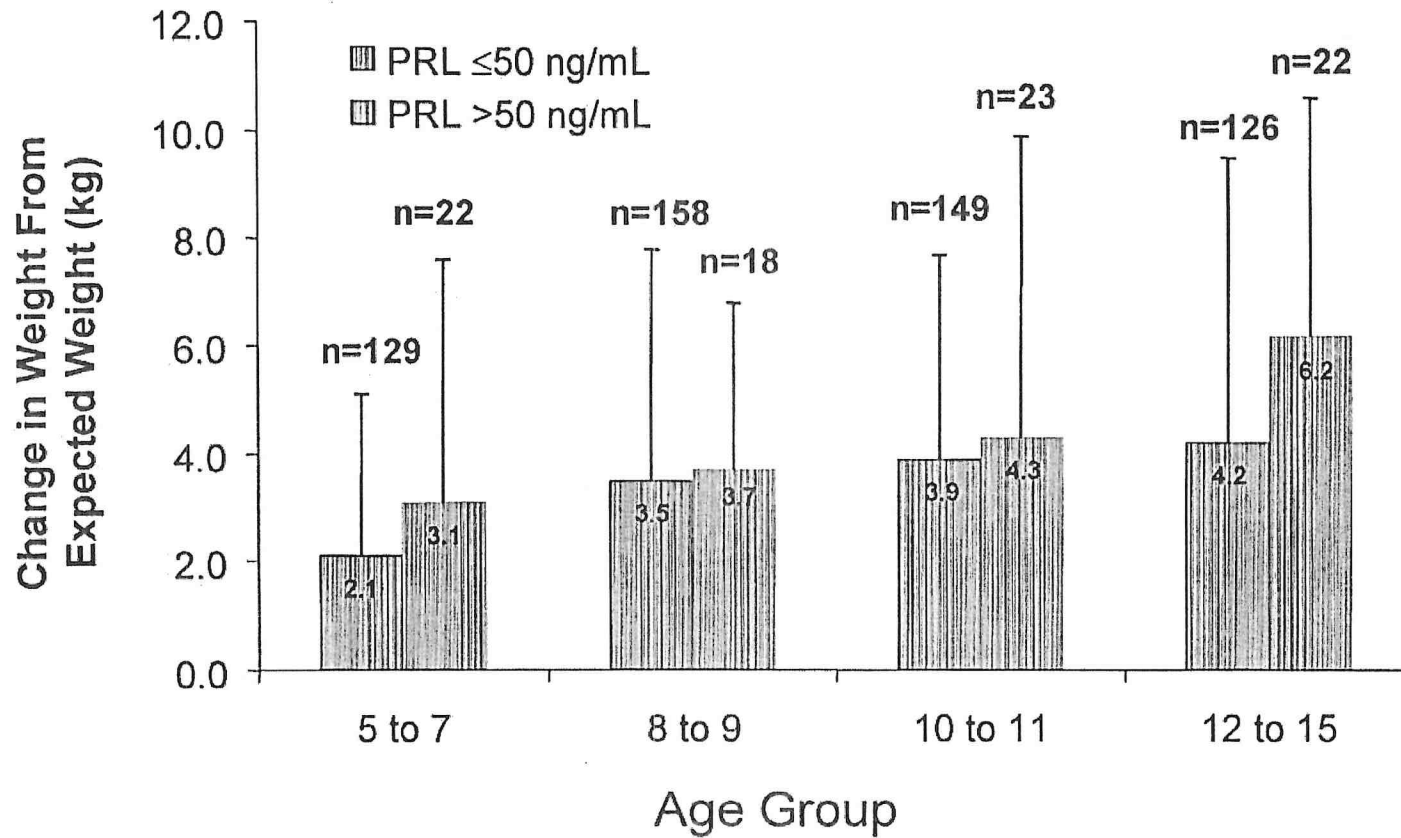
| Exposure       | n   | Variance (Percent)* |
|----------------|-----|---------------------|
| Pre-dose       | 592 | 0.01                |
| Weeks 4 to 7   | 550 | 0.19                |
| Weeks 8 to 12  | 499 | 1.24                |
| Weeks 16 to 24 | 441 | 1.48                |
| Weeks 28 to 36 | 394 | 1.32                |
| Weeks 40 to 48 | 358 | 1.76                |

\*Percent of variation in PRL level that can be attributed to age;  $R^2 \times 100$

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Effects on Weight Gain

# Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight: All Patients



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

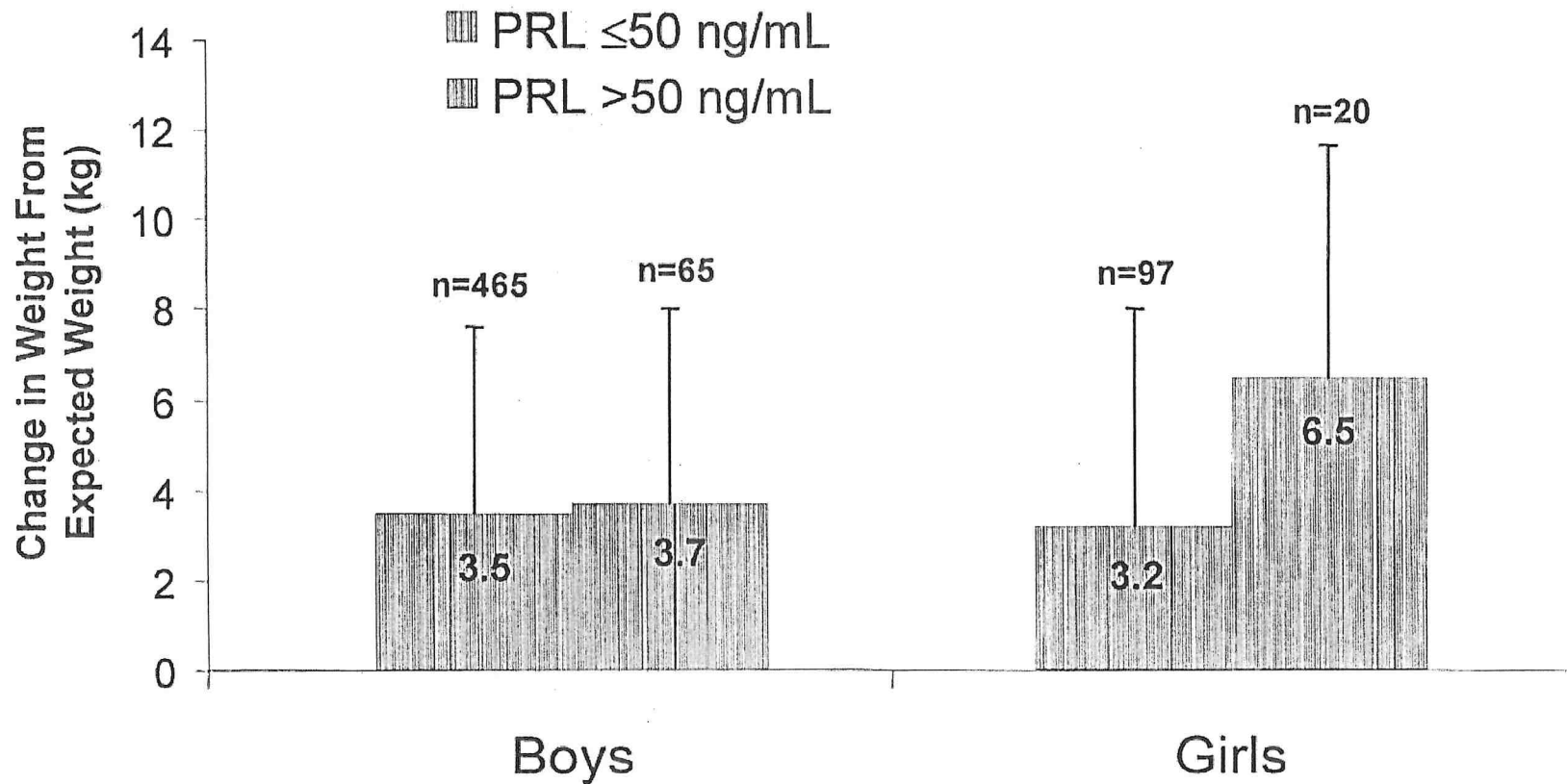
# Analysis of Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight

- $\leq 50$  vs  $> 50$
- Both genders
- All age groups

| <b>Factor</b>                               | <b>P-values</b> |
|---|-----------------|
| <b>Age group</b>                            | <b>0.02</b>     |
| <b>Gender</b>                               | <b>0.24</b>     |
| <b>Age group x gender interaction</b>       | <b>0.56</b>     |
| <b>PRL</b>                                  | <b>0.05</b>     |
| <b>Age group x PRL interaction</b>          | <b>0.92</b>     |
| <b>Gender x PRL interaction</b>             | <b>0.13</b>     |
| <b>Age group x gender x PRL interaction</b> | <b>0.90</b>     |

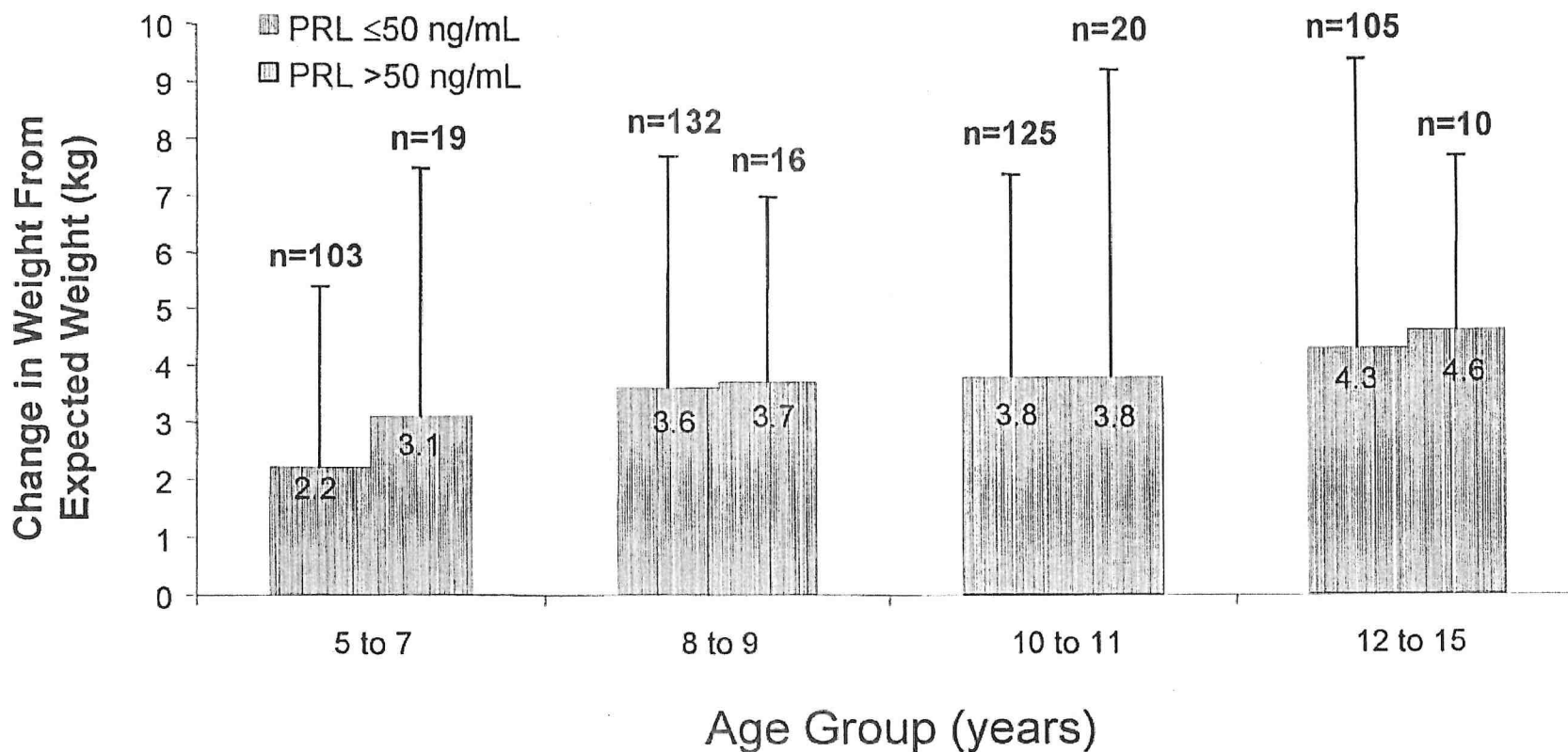
Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight in Boys



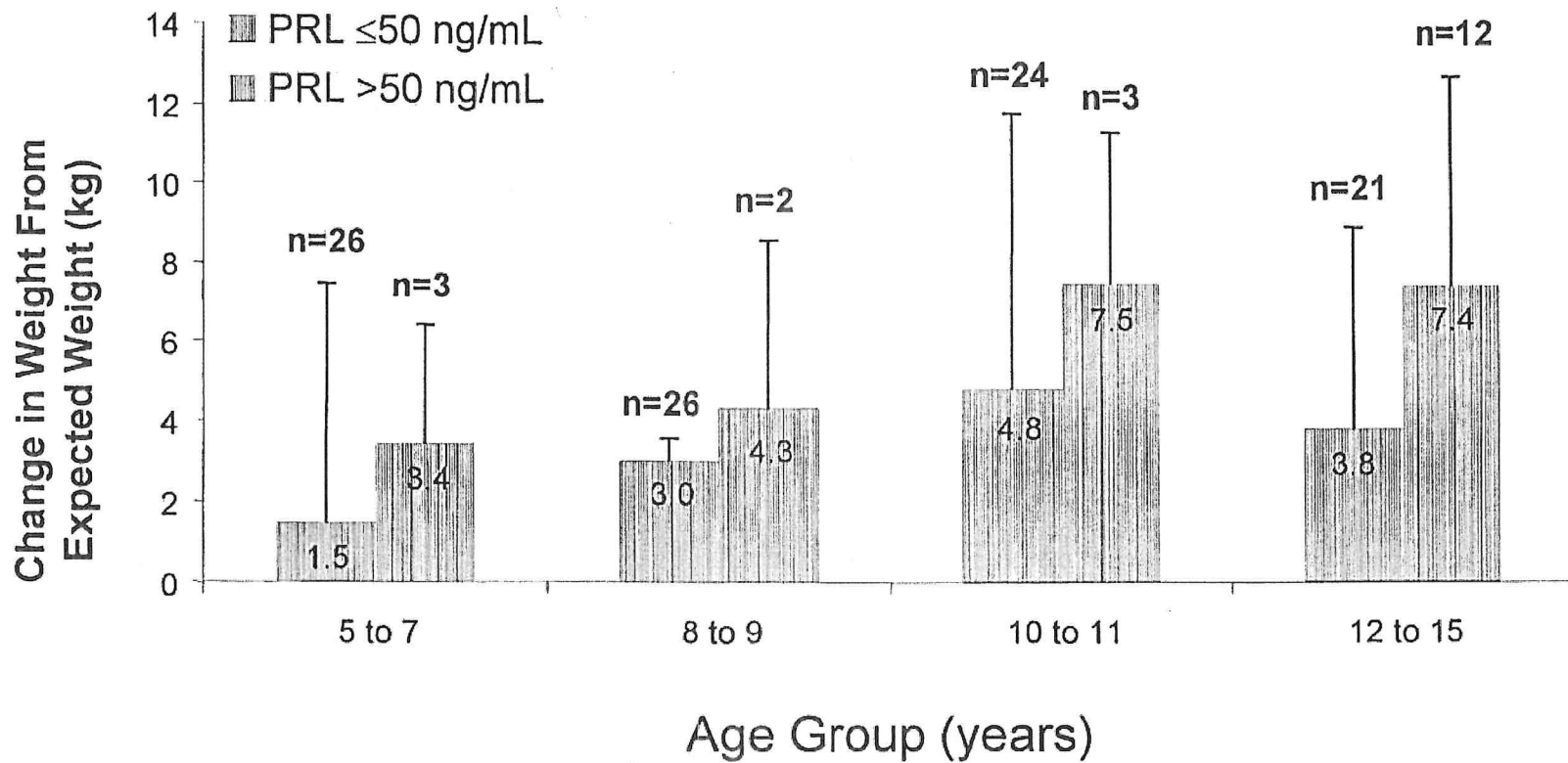
Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Analysis of Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight

- $\leq 50$  vs  $> 50$
- Boys only
- All age groups

| Factor                      | P-values |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Age group                   | 0.16     |
| PRL                         | 0.60     |
| Age group x PRL interaction | 0.93     |

# Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight in Girls





# Analysis of Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight

- $\leq 50$  vs  $> 50$
- Girls only
- All age groups

| Factor                      | <i>P</i> -values |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Age group                   | 0.21             |
| PRL                         | 0.10             |
| Age group x PRL interaction | 0.92             |

# **Side Effects Hypothetically Attributable to Prolactin (SHAP)**

Gahan Pandina, PhD  
Assistant Director, Medical Affairs  
Janssen Pharmaceutica Products, LP

# SHAP by Baseline Tanner Stage

|   | Number (%) of Patients |                 |                |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
|   | ITT                    | PA              | Non-PA         |
| <b>Total number of patients</b>                         | <b>700</b>             | <b>592</b>      | <b>108</b>     |
| <b>Number of patients with at least one SHAP, n (%)</b> | <b>14 (2.0)</b>        | <b>13 (2.2)</b> | <b>1 (0.9)</b> |
| <b>Tanner stage, n</b>                                  |                        |                 |                |
| 1   |                        | 4               |                |
| 2   |                        | 2               |                |
| 3   |                        | 4               |                |
| 4   |                        | 3               |                |
| 5   |                        | 0               |                |

In the PA population, mean onset of the first SHAP was 98.8 days (minimum 1 day and maximum 254 days)

# Definitions

- Preferred terms excluded from analysis per pediatric endocrinologists:
  - Dysmenorrhea
  - Growth hormone excess
  - Hyperprolactinemia
  - Penis disorder
  - Sexual function abnormal
  - Testis disorder
  - Vaginitis atrophic
- Patients with  $\geq 1$  week of amenorrhea, girls with  $\geq 31$  days of gynecomastia and boys  $< 10$  years of age with gynecomastia are included

# Individual SHAP

|                                       | Number (%) of Patients |                |                |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                       | ITT                    | PA             | Non-PA         |
| <b>Endocrine disorders</b>            | <b>5 (0.7)</b>         | <b>5 (0.8)</b> | <b>0 (0.0)</b> |
| <b>Gynecomastia</b>                   | <b>5 (0.7)</b>         | <b>5 (0.8)</b> | <b>0 (0.0)</b> |
| <b>Reproductive disorders, female</b> | <b>9 (1.3)</b>         | <b>8 (1.4)</b> | <b>1 (0.9)</b> |
| <b>Amenorrhea</b>                     | <b>4 (0.6)</b>         | <b>3 (0.5)</b> | <b>1 (0.9)</b> |
| <b>Menorrhagia</b>                    | <b>3 (0.4)</b>         | <b>3 (0.5)</b> | <b>0 (0.0)</b> |
| <b>Breast enlargement</b>             | <b>1 (0.1)</b>         | <b>1 (0.2)</b> | <b>0 (0.0)</b> |
| <b>Lactation nonpuerperal</b>         | <b>1 (0.1)</b>         | <b>1 (0.2)</b> | <b>0 (0.0)</b> |
| <b>Menstrual disorder</b>             | <b>1 (0.1)</b>         | <b>1 (0.2)</b> | <b>0 (0.0)</b> |
| <b>Vaginal hemorrhage</b>             | <b>1 (0.1)</b>         | <b>1 (0.2)</b> | <b>0 (0.0)</b> |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

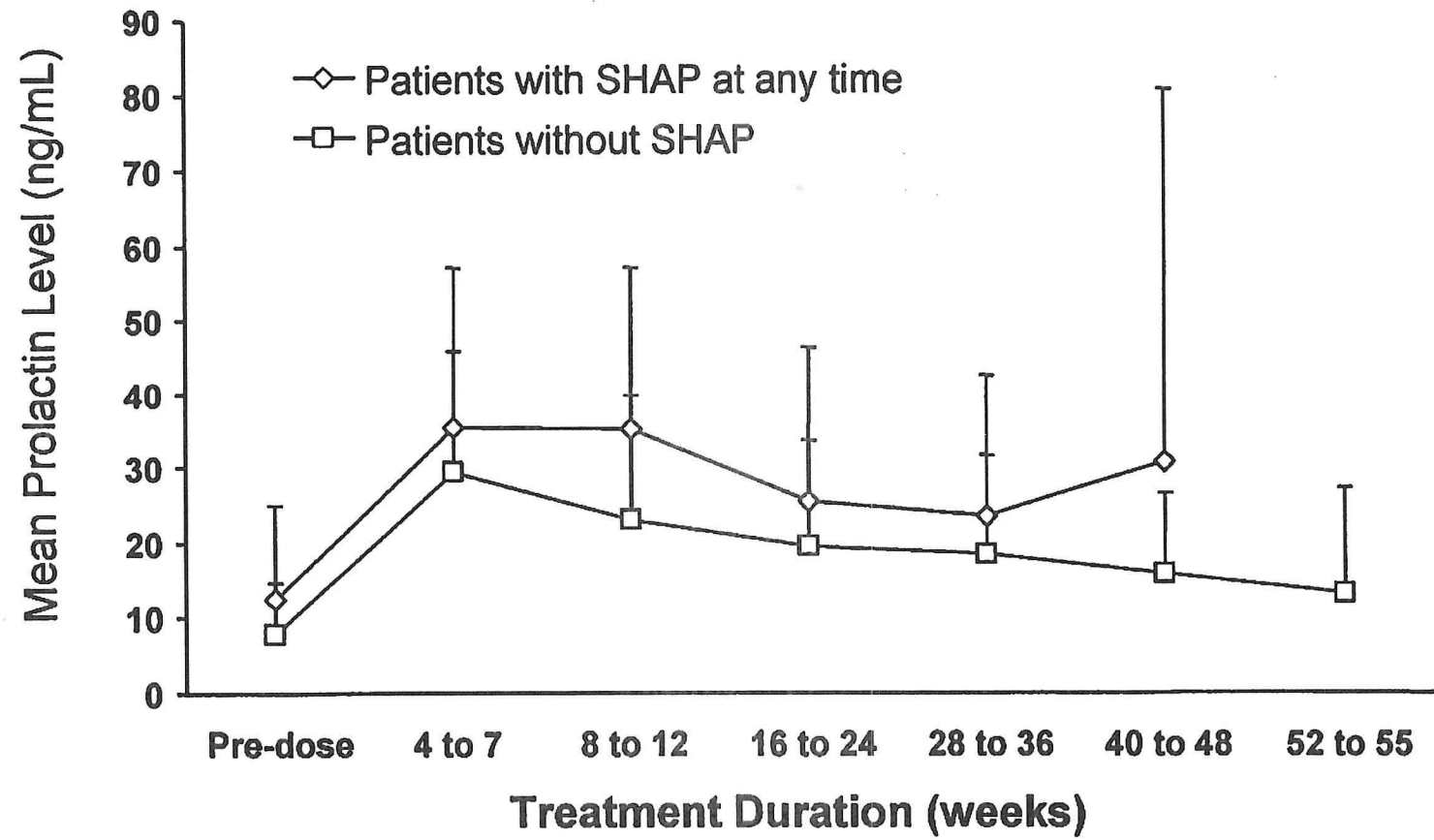
# Risperidone Dosing Information in Patients With and Without SHAP

PAP - as Observed

|   | Patients with SHAP at any time (n=13) | Patients without SHAP (n=579)       |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Duration (days)<br>Mean ( $\pm$ SD)<br>Median (range)             | 358 (31.2)<br>365 (288 to 414)        | 318 (102.1)<br>360 (28 to 505)      |
| Average daily dose (mg/day)<br>Mean ( $\pm$ SD)<br>Median (range) | 1.29 (0.60)<br>1.20 (0.12 to 2.29)    | 1.26 (0.71)<br>1.23 (0.001 to 4.17) |
| Mean ( $\pm$ SD) age of patients with SHAP                        |                                       |                                     |
| Boys  | 7.8 (1.7)                             | NA                                  |
| Girls   | 12.8 (1.8)                            | NA                                  |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

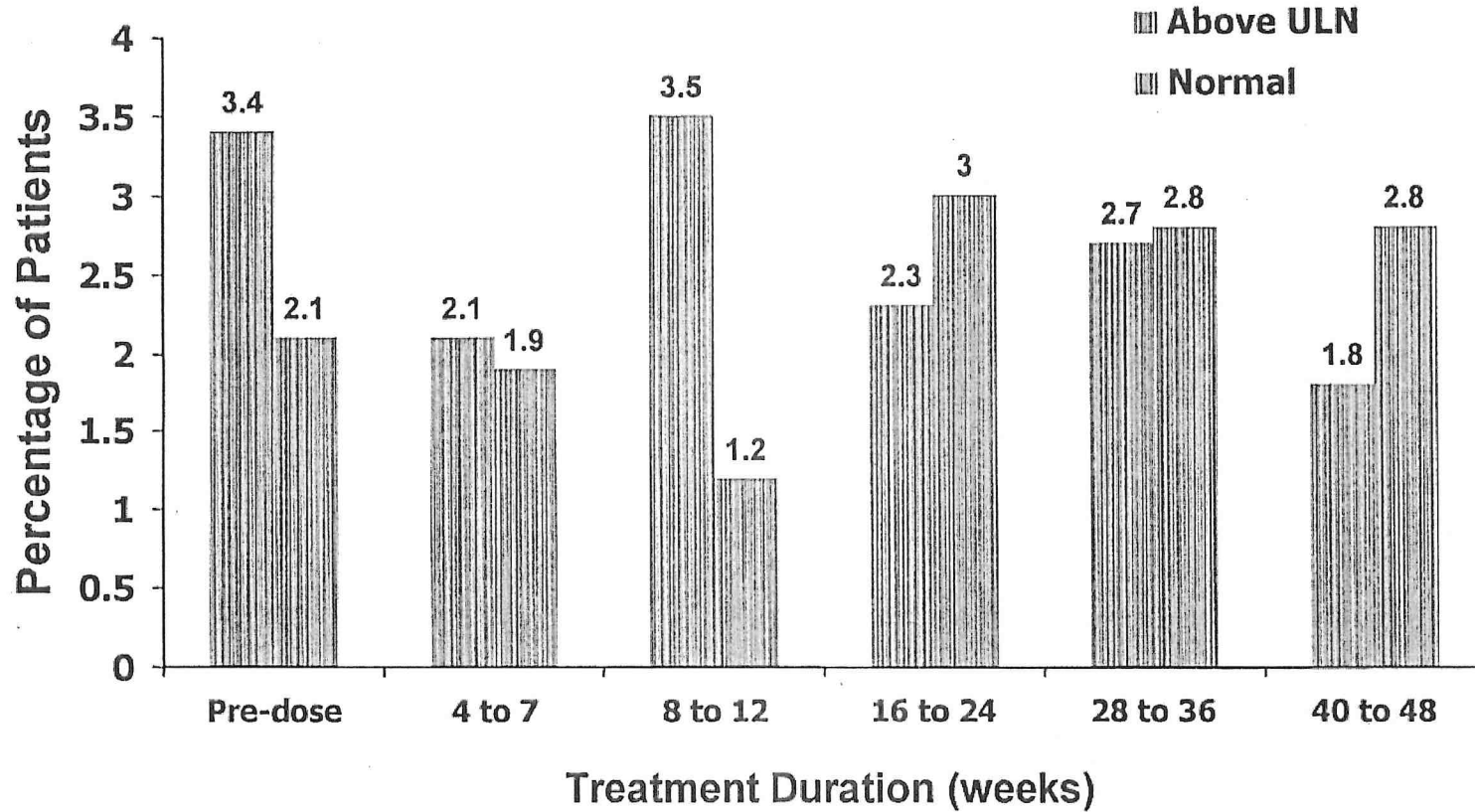
# Prolactin Levels in Patients With and Without SHAP



|              | Pre-dose | 4 to 7 | 8 to 12 | 16 to 24 | 28 to 36 | 40 to 48 | 52 to 55 |
|--------------|----------|--------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>+SHAP</b> | n=13     | n=11   | n=12    | n=12     | n=11     | n=9      | n=0      |
| <b>-SHAP</b> | n=579    | n=539  | n=487   | n=429    | n=383    | n=349    | n=42     |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Percent of Patients with SHAP: Normal Versus Above ULN



| n        | 12/563<br>1/29 | 3/162<br>8/388 | 3/242<br>9/257 | 8/265<br>4/176 | 7/246<br>4/148 | 7/248<br>2/110 | Normal<br>>ULN |
|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| P-values | .64            | .87            | .09            | .64            | .93            | .58            |                |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC



# Motor Effects

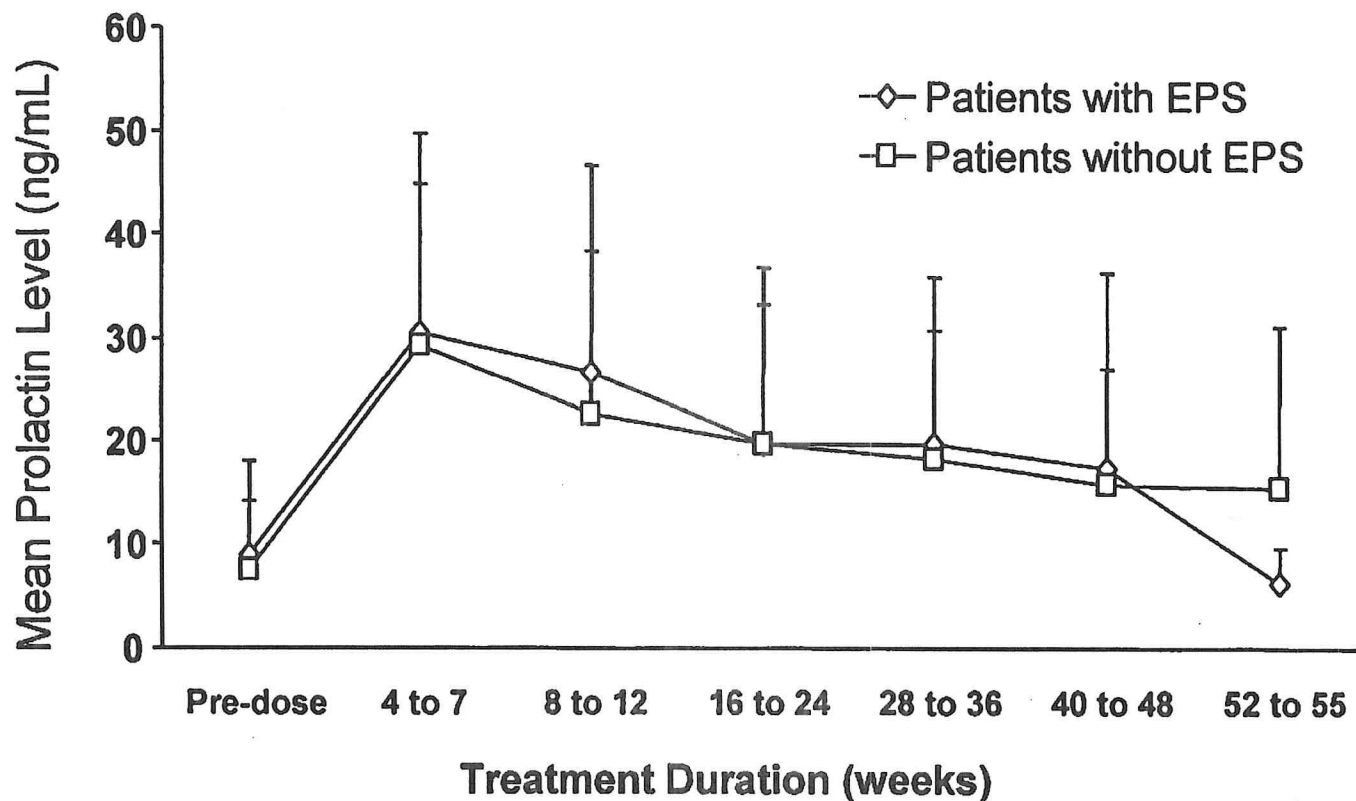
# Incidence of Motor Effects

|   | Number (%) of Patients |                   |                     |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
|   | ITT<br>(n = 700)       | PA<br>(n = 592)   | Non-PA<br>(n = 108) |
| <b>Number of patients with at least one EPS</b> | <b>147 (21.0)</b>      | <b>129 (21.8)</b> | <b>18 (16.7)</b>    |
| <b>CNS and PNS disorders</b>                    | <b>147 (21.0)</b>      | <b>129 (21.8)</b> | <b>18 (16.7)</b>    |
| <b>Hypertonia</b>                               | <b>37 (5.3)</b>        | <b>34 (5.7)</b>   | <b>3 (2.8)</b>      |
| <b>Tremor</b>                                   | <b>33 (4.7)</b>        | <b>27 (4.6)</b>   | <b>6 (5.6)</b>      |
| <b>Extrapyramidal disorder</b>                  | <b>29 (4.1)</b>        | <b>28 (4.7)</b>   | <b>1 (0.9)</b>      |
| <b>Hyperkinesia</b>                             | <b>24 (3.4)</b>        | <b>22 (3.7)</b>   | <b>2 (1.9)</b>      |
| <b>Hypokinesia</b>                              | <b>22 (3.1)</b>        | <b>19 (3.2)</b>   | <b>3 (2.8)</b>      |
| <b>Involuntary muscle contractions</b>          | <b>21 (3.0)</b>        | <b>20 (3.4)</b>   | <b>1 (0.9)</b>      |
| <b>Bradykinesia</b>                             | <b>14 (2.0)</b>        | <b>12 (2.0)</b>   | <b>2 (1.9)</b>      |
| <b>Dystonia</b>                                 | <b>11 (1.6)</b>        | <b>9 (1.5)</b>    | <b>2 (1.9)</b>      |
| <b>Oculogyric crisis</b>                        | <b>6 (0.9)</b>         | <b>4 (0.7)</b>    | <b>2 (1.9)</b>      |
| <b>Tardive dyskinesia</b>                       | <b>2 (0.3)</b>         | <b>2 (0.3)</b>    | <b>0</b>            |
| <b>Hypotonia</b>                                | <b>1 (0.1)</b>         | <b>1 (0.2)</b>    | <b>0</b>            |

In the PA population, mean onset of first EPS was 64.3 days (minimum 1 day and maximum 369 days)

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

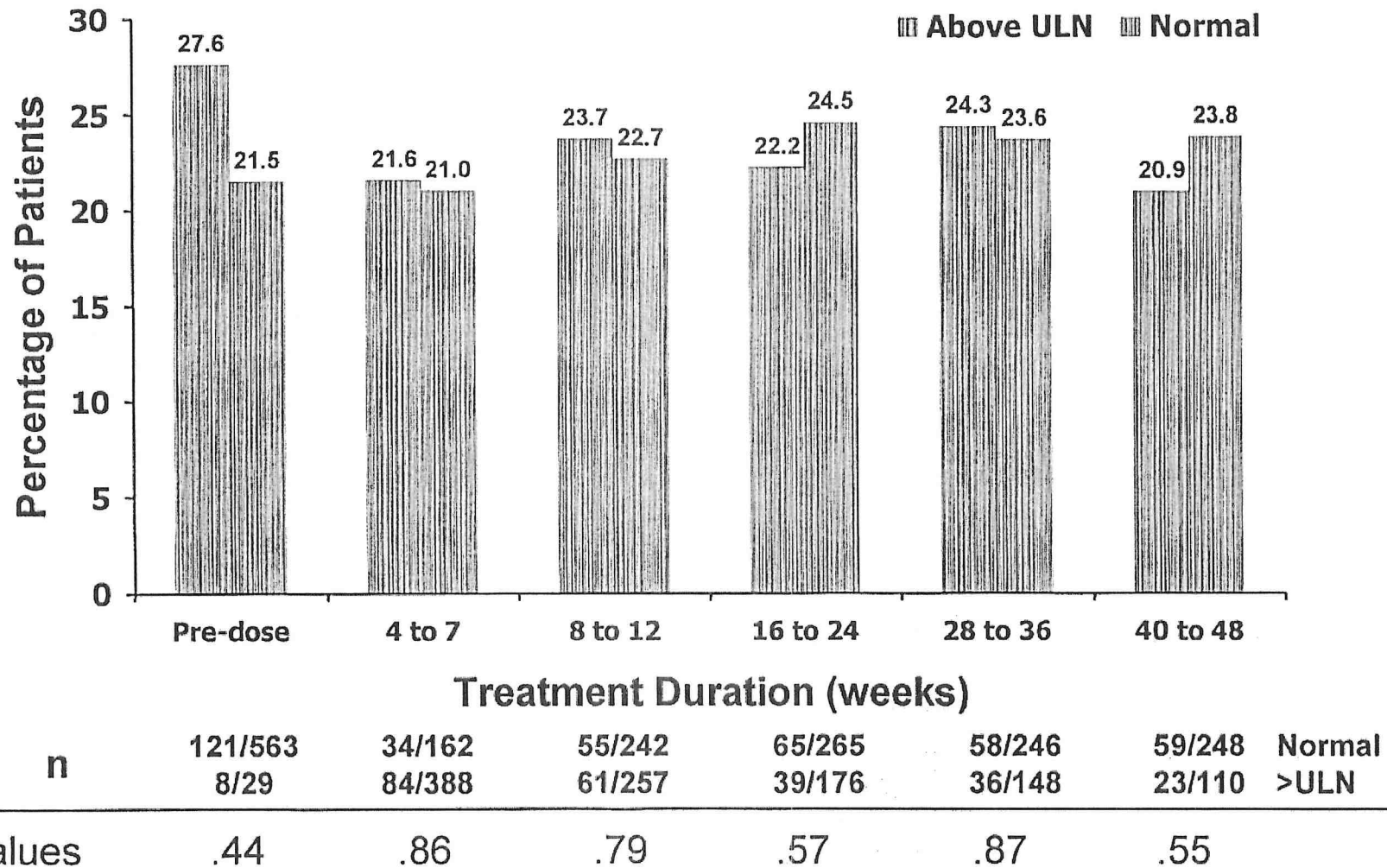
# Prolactin Levels in Patients With and Without EPS



|             | Pre-dose | 4 to 7 | 8 to 12 | 16 to 24 | 28 to 36 | 40 to 48 | 52 to 55 |
|-------------|----------|--------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>+EPS</b> | n=129    | n=118  | n=116   | n=104    | n=94     | n=82     | n=11     |
| <b>-EPS</b> | n=463    | n=432  | n=383   | n=337    | n=300    | n=276    | n=31     |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

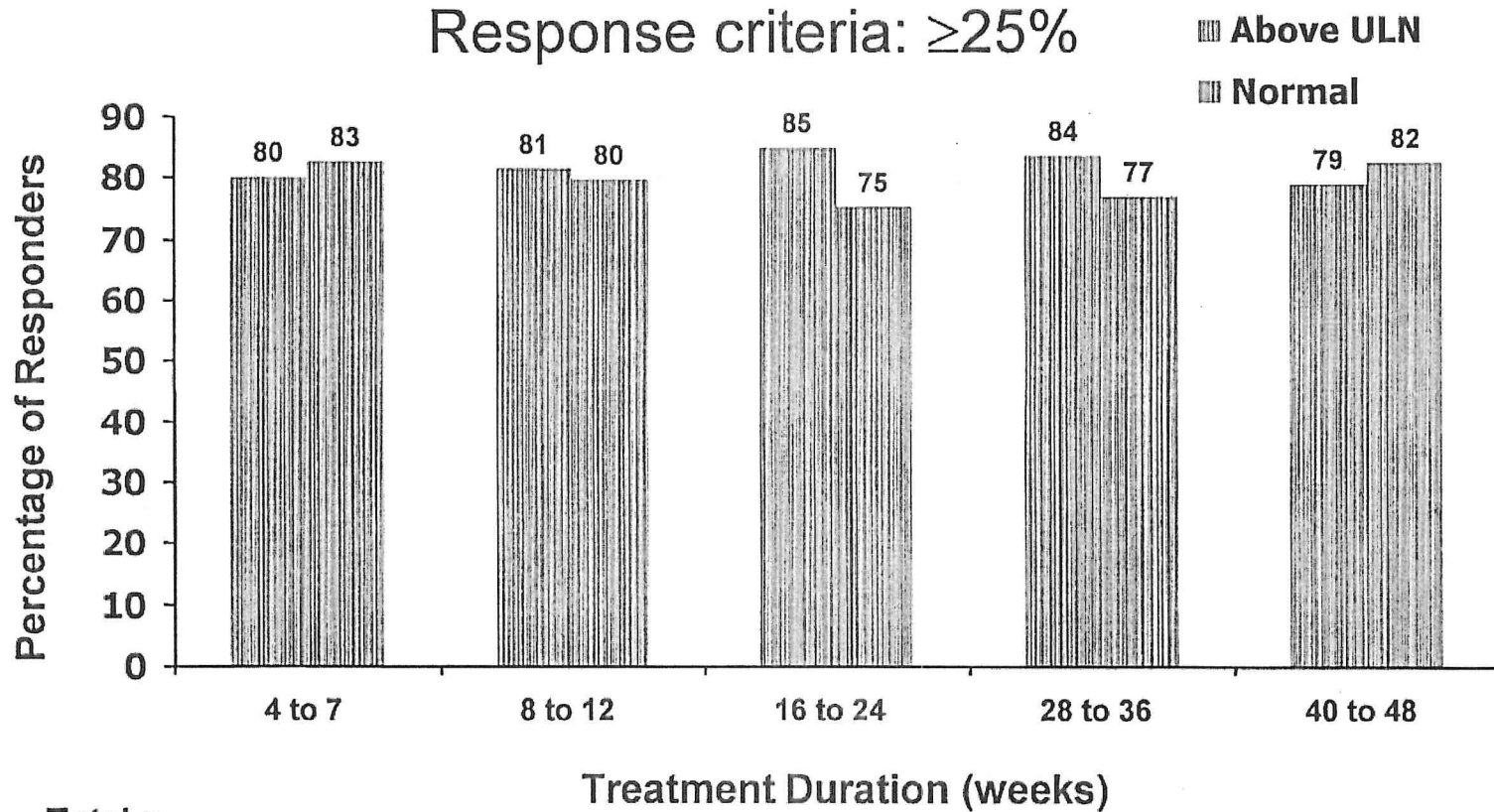
# Percent of Patients with EPS by PRL Level: Normal vs Above ULN



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# NCBRF Responders

# Responders on the Conduct Problem Subscale of the NCBRF Versus PRL Level

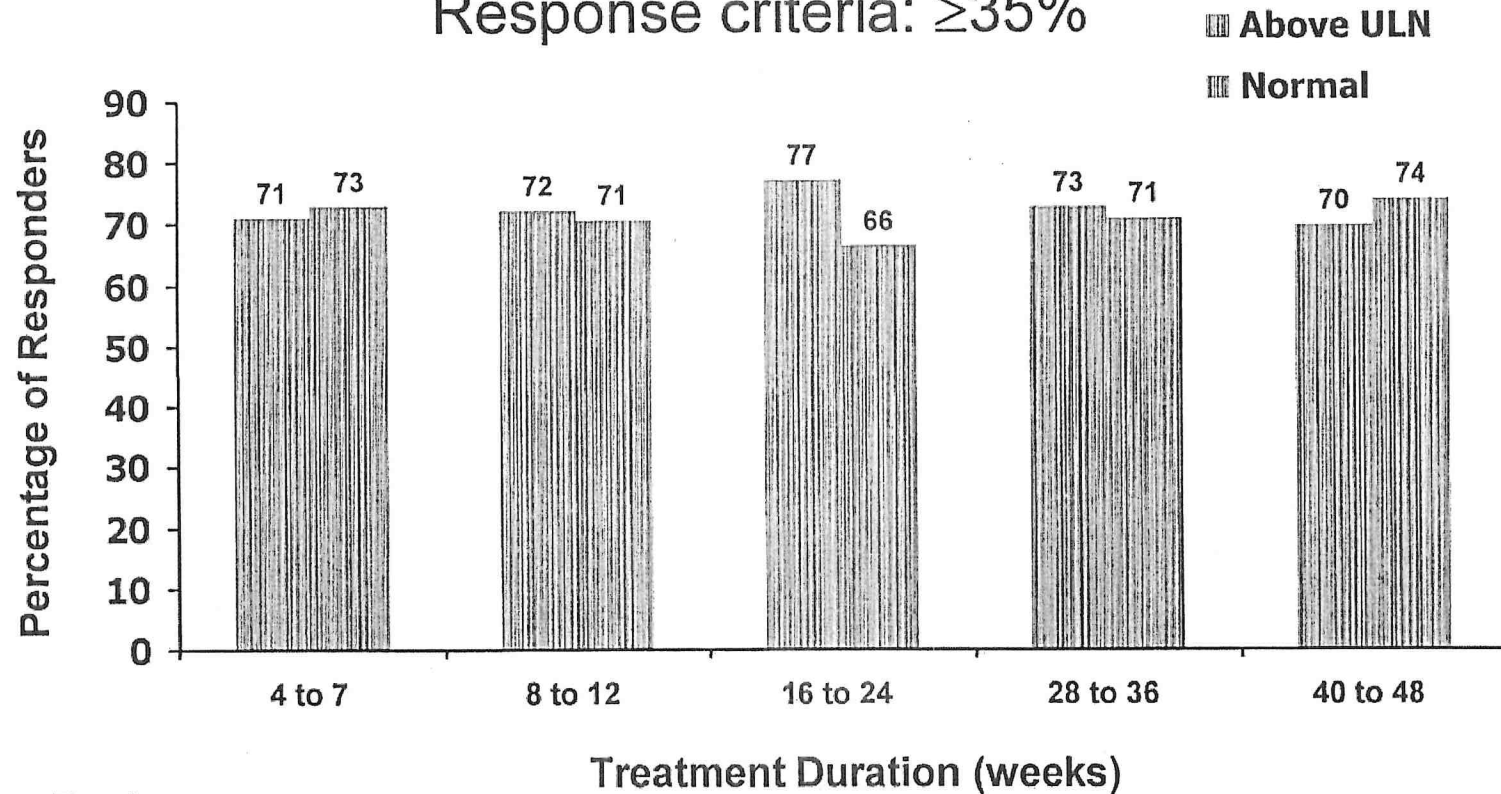


|          | Treatment Duration (weeks) |     |     |     |     |
|----------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Total n  |                            |     |     |     |     |
| Normal   | 92                         | 147 | 193 | 195 | 245 |
| >ULN     | 243                        | 183 | 126 | 121 | 109 |
| P-values | .62                        | .68 | .04 | .16 | .43 |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Responders on the Conduct Problem Subscale of the NCBRF Versus PRL Level

Response criteria:  $\geq 35\%$

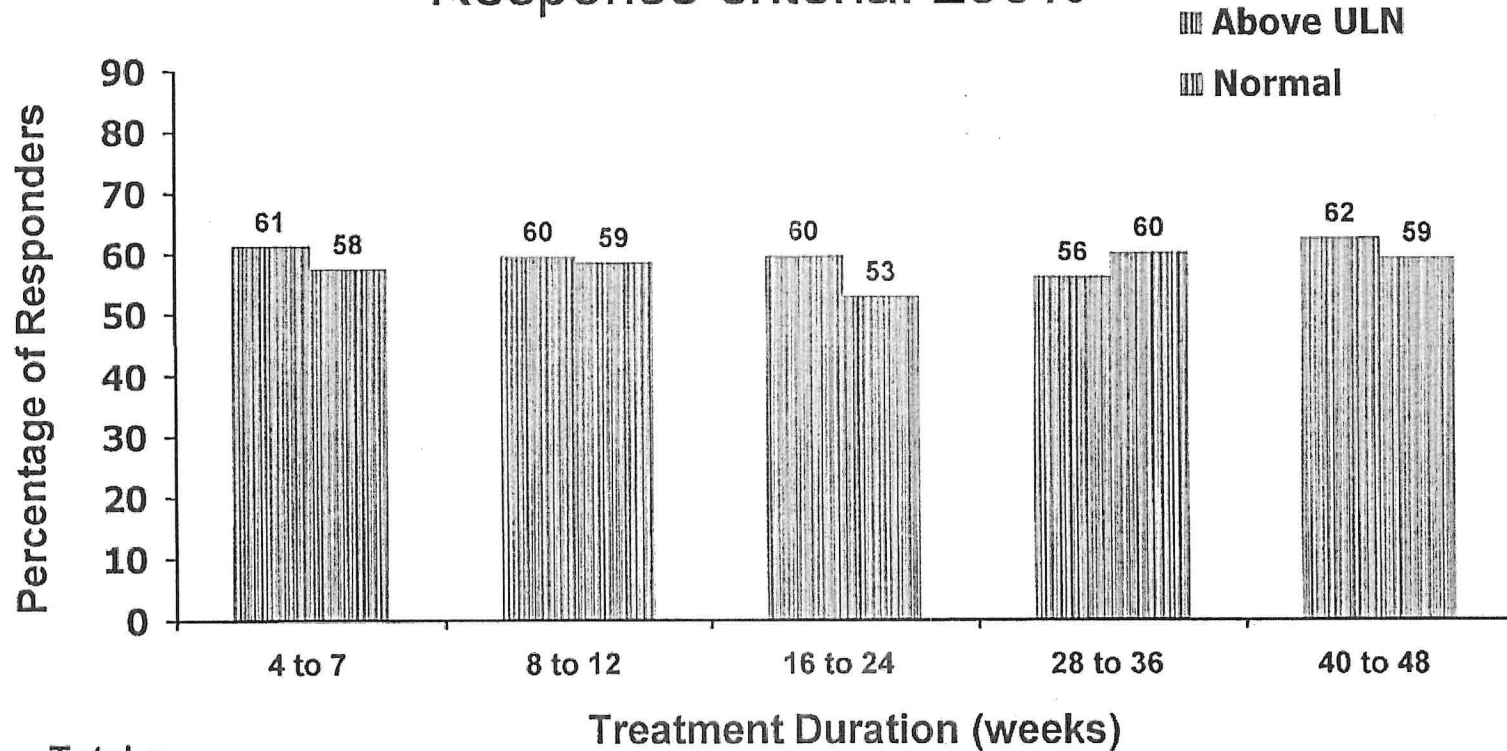


|          | Treatment Duration (weeks) |     |     |     |     |
|----------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Total n  |                            |     |     |     |     |
| Normal   | 92                         | 147 | 193 | 195 | 245 |
| >ULN     | 243                        | 183 | 126 | 121 | 109 |
| P-values | .77                        | .78 | .04 | .71 | .42 |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Responders on the Conduct Problem Subscale of the NCBRF Versus PRL Level

Response criteria:  $\geq 50\%$



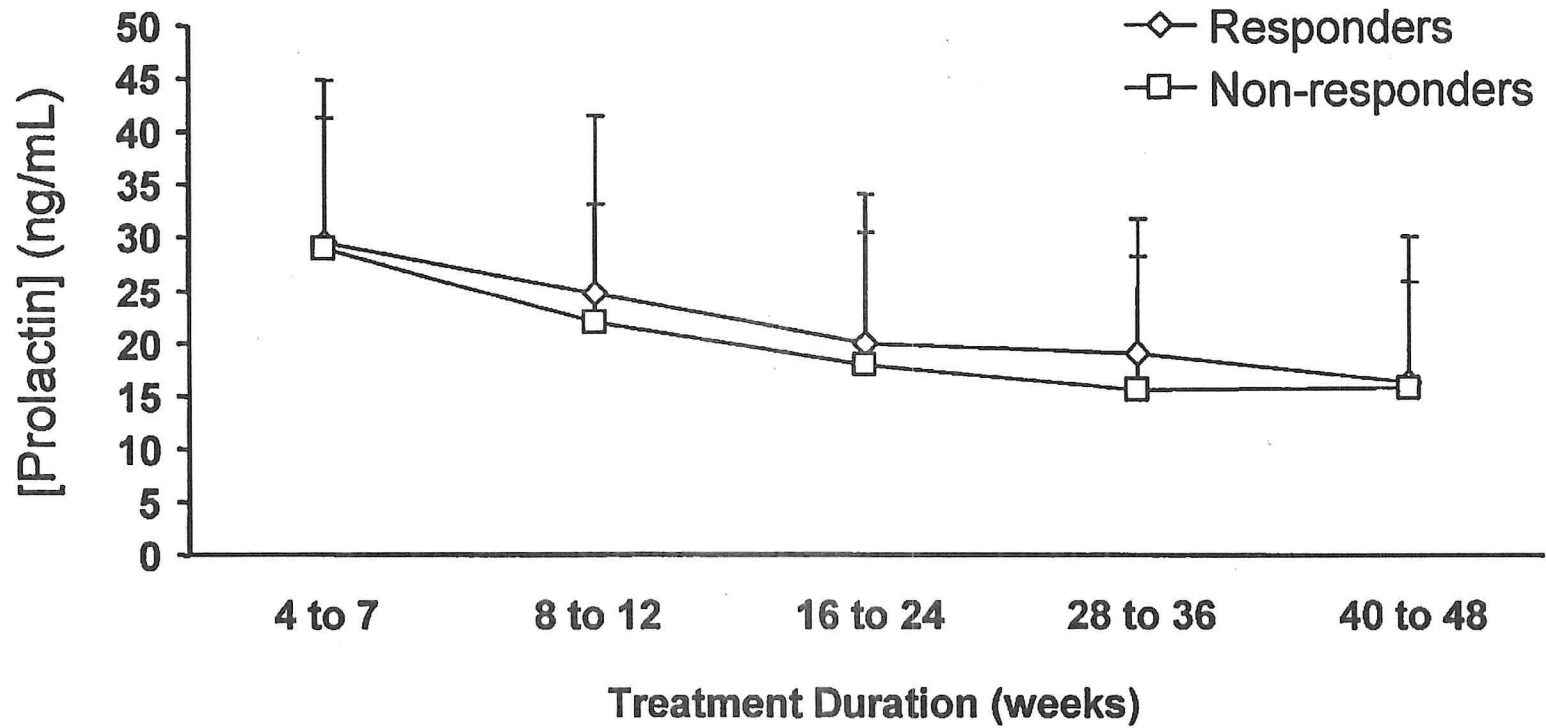
|                 | 4 to 7     | 8 to 12    | 16 to 24   | 28 to 36   | 40 to 48   |
|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <b>Total n</b>  |            |            |            |            |            |
| Normal          | 92         | 147        | 193        | 195        | 245        |
| >ULN            | 243        | 183        | 126        | 121        | 109        |
| <b>P-values</b> | <b>.54</b> | <b>.85</b> | <b>.24</b> | <b>.50</b> | <b>.57</b> |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC



# PRL Levels In Responders on the Conduct Problem Subscale of the NCBRF Versus Non-responders

Response criteria:  $\geq 25\%$

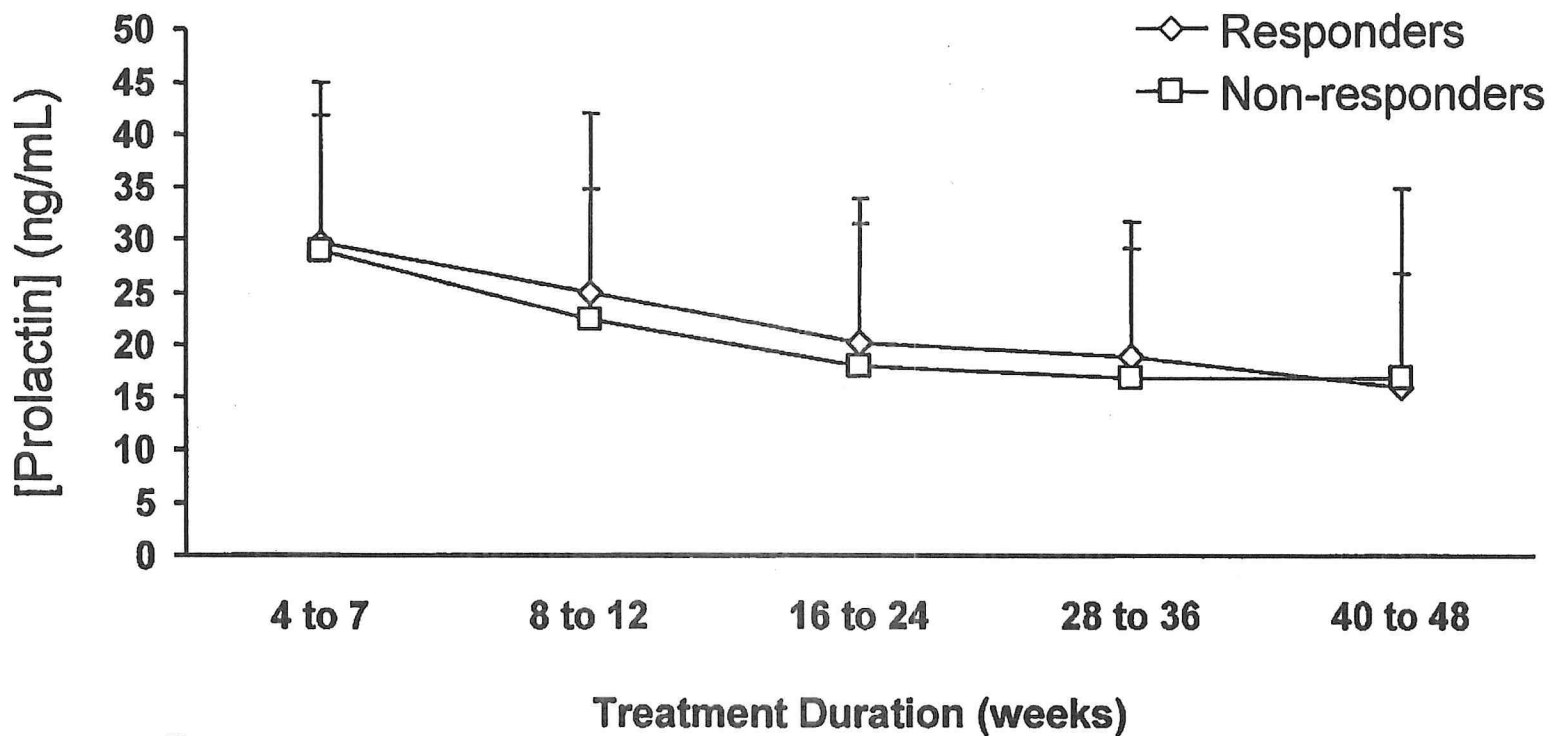


|                | n   |     |     |     |     |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Responders     | 271 | 266 | 252 | 251 | 288 |
| Non-responders | 64  | 64  | 67  | 65  | 66  |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# PRL Levels In Responders on the Conduct Problem Subscale of the NCBRF Versus Non-responders

Response criteria:  $\geq 35\%$

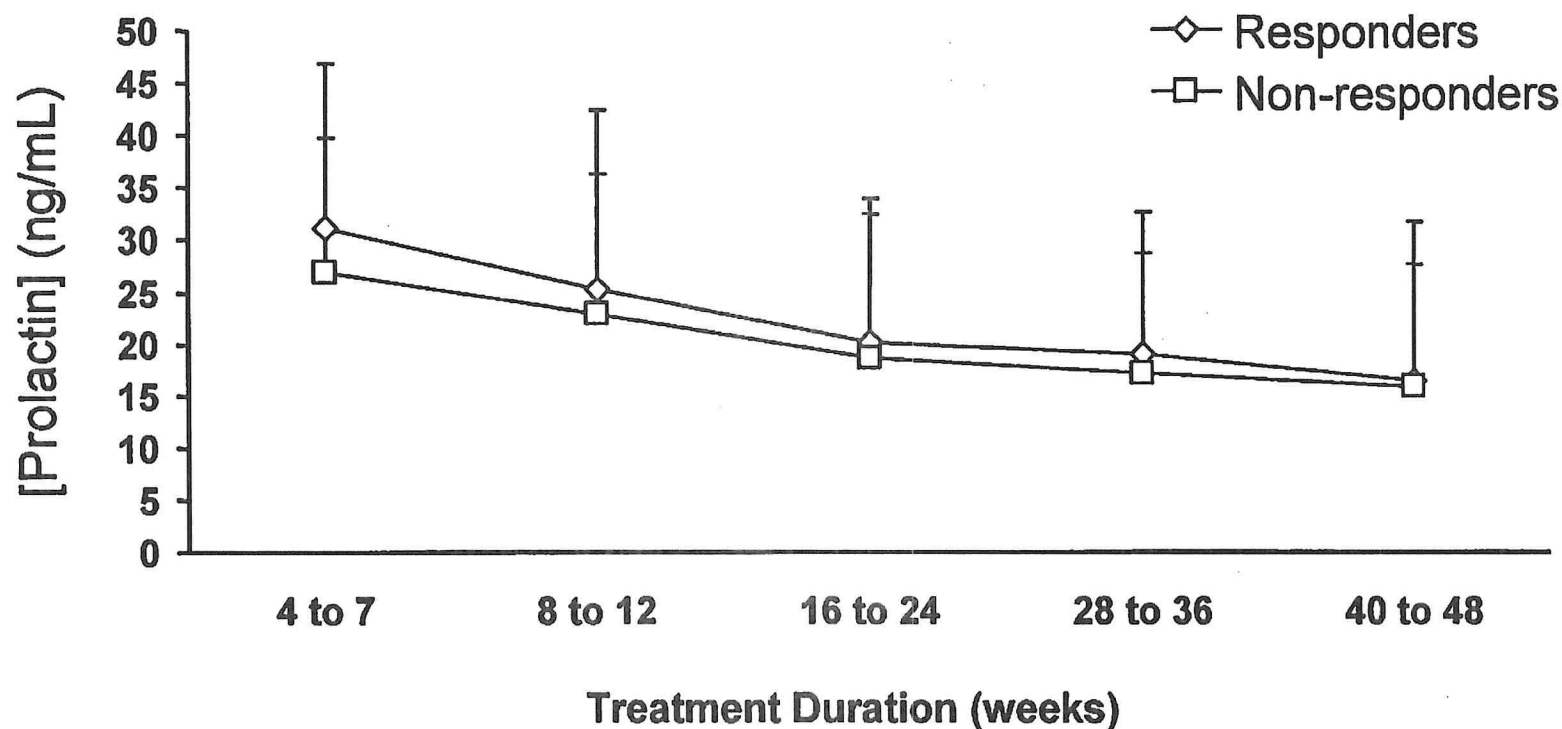


|                | Treatment Duration (weeks) |         |          |          |          |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| n              | 4 to 7                     | 8 to 12 | 16 to 24 | 28 to 36 | 40 to 48 |
| Responders     | 240                        | 236     | 225      | 226      | 257      |
| Non-responders | 95                         | 94      | 94       | 90       | 97       |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# PRL Levels In Responders on the Conduct Problem Subscale of the NCBRF Versus Non-responders

Response criteria:  $\geq 50\%$

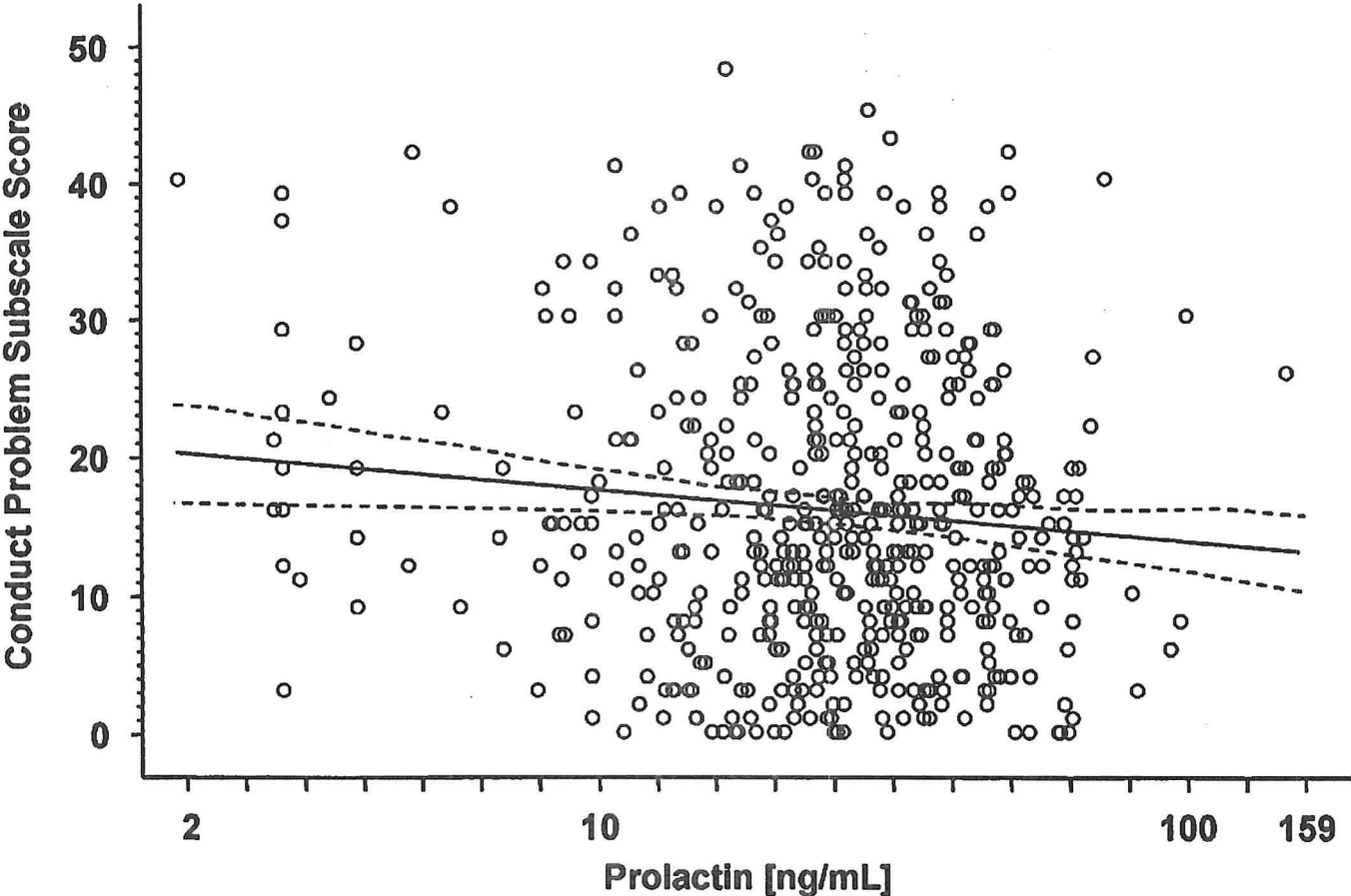


|                | Treatment Duration (weeks) |         |          |          |          |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| n              | 4 to 7                     | 8 to 12 | 16 to 24 | 28 to 36 | 40 to 48 |
| Responders     | 202                        | 195     | 177      | 185      | 213      |
| Non-responders | 133                        | 135     | 142      | 131      | 141      |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Conduct Problem Subscale Score vs Prolactin Levels

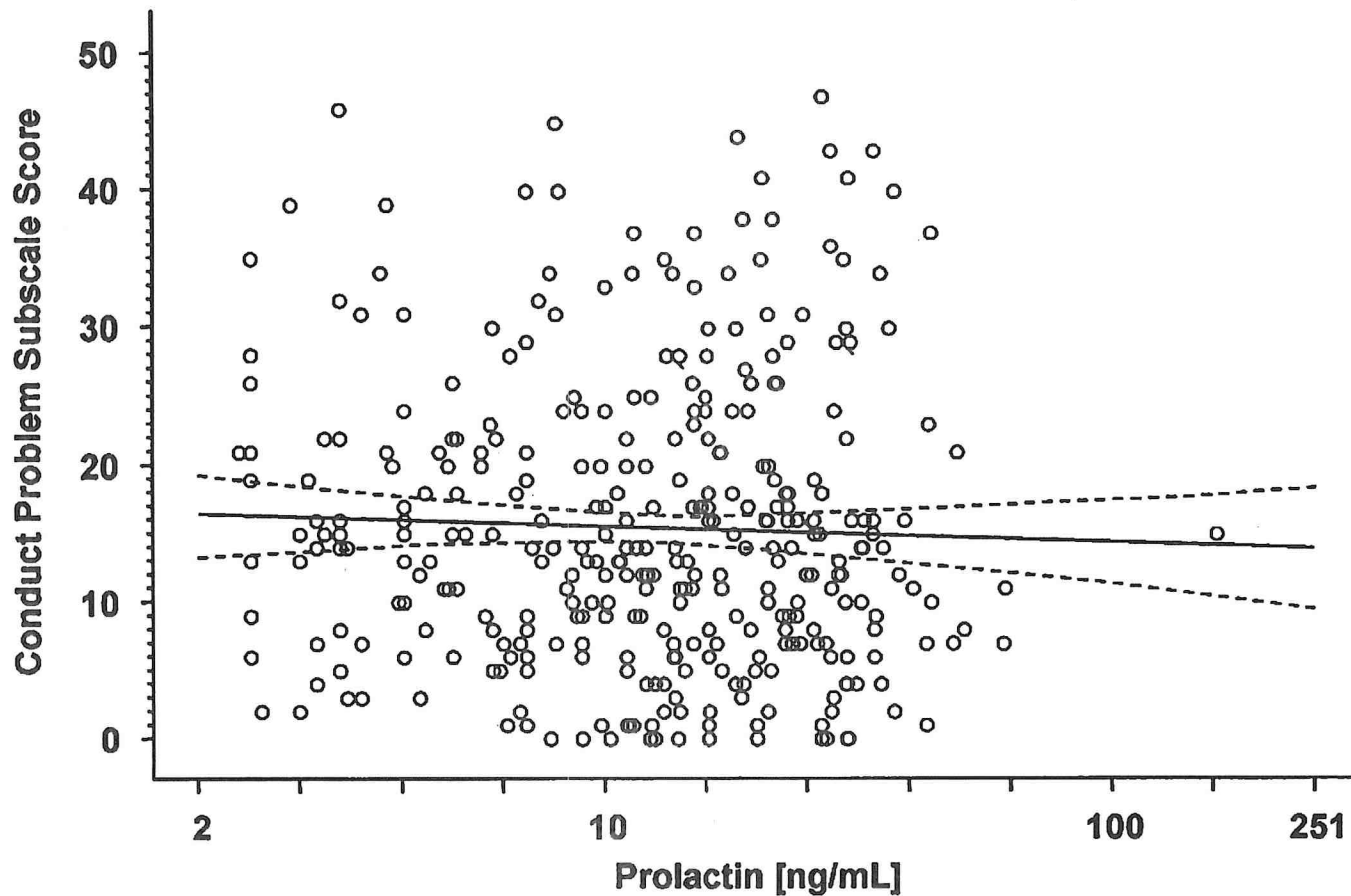
Weeks 4 to 7 (PA – as Observed)



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Conduct Problem Subscale Score vs Prolactin Levels

Weeks 40 to 48 (PA – as Observed)



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

## Correlation Between PRL Level and NCBRF Conduct Problem Subscale Score

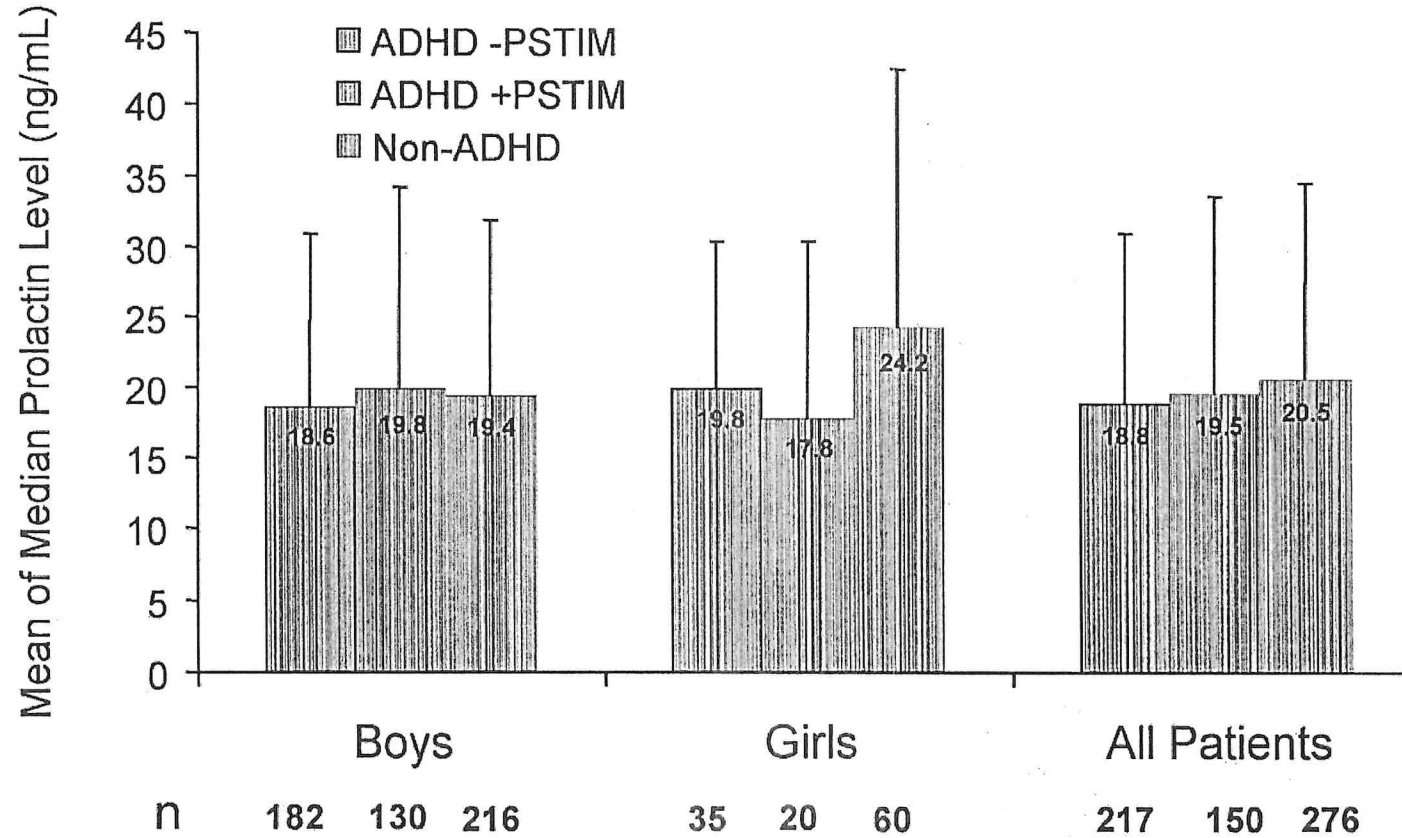
| Exposure       | n   | Variance (Percent)* |
|----------------|-----|---------------------|
| Pre-dose       | 592 | 0.03                |
| Weeks 4 to 7   | 547 | 0.93                |
| Weeks 8 to 12  | 496 | 0.29                |
| Weeks 16 to 24 | 438 | 0.19                |
| Weeks 28 to 36 | 392 | 0.24                |
| Weeks 40 to 48 | 355 | 0.14                |

**\*Percent of variation in subscale score that can be attributed to prolactin level;  $R^2 \times 100$**

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# **Comorbid ADHD ± Psychostimulants**

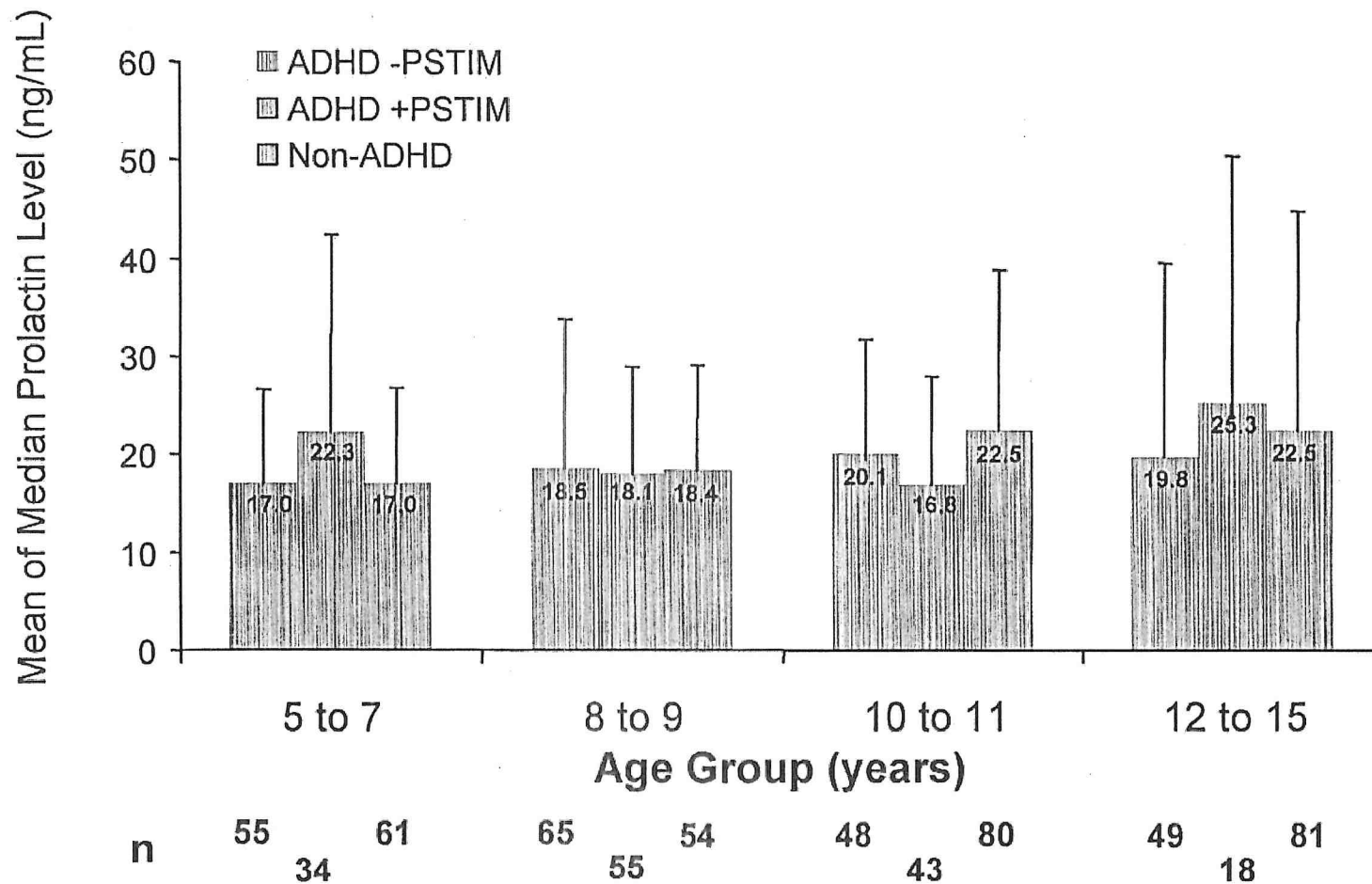
# PRL Level by ADHD Group



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC



# PRL Level by Age and ADHD Group: All Patients



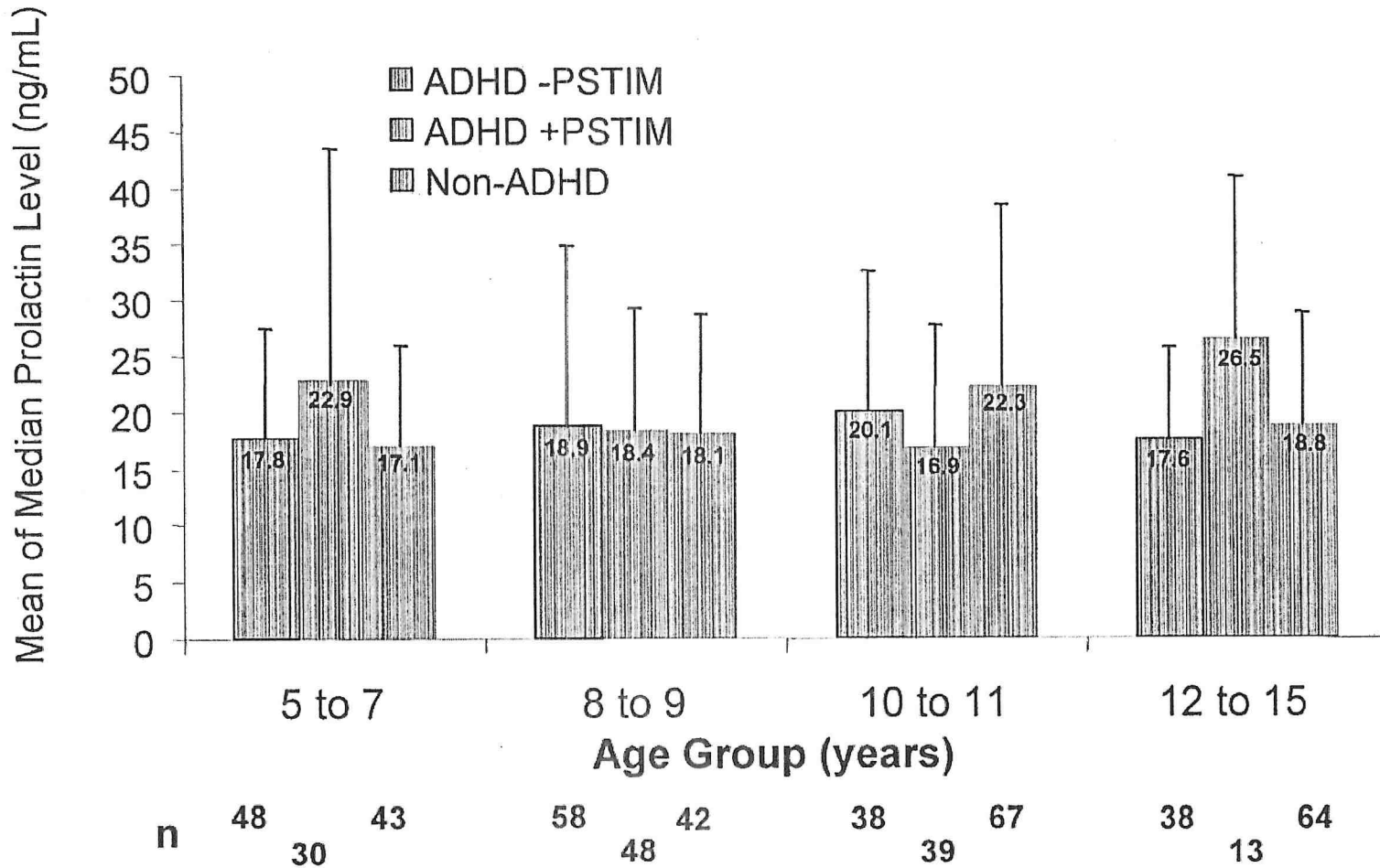
Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Analysis of Median Prolactin Level: Effect of ADHD Groups

- Both genders
- All age groups

| Factor                                | <i>P</i> -values |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Age group                             | 0.001            |
| Gender                                | 0.70             |
| Age group x gender interaction        | 0.05             |
| ADHD groups                           | 0.16             |
| Age group x ADHD interaction          | 0.68             |
| Gender x ADHD interaction             | 0.07             |
| Age group x gender x ADHD interaction | 0.61             |

# PRL Level by Age and ADHD Group in Boys



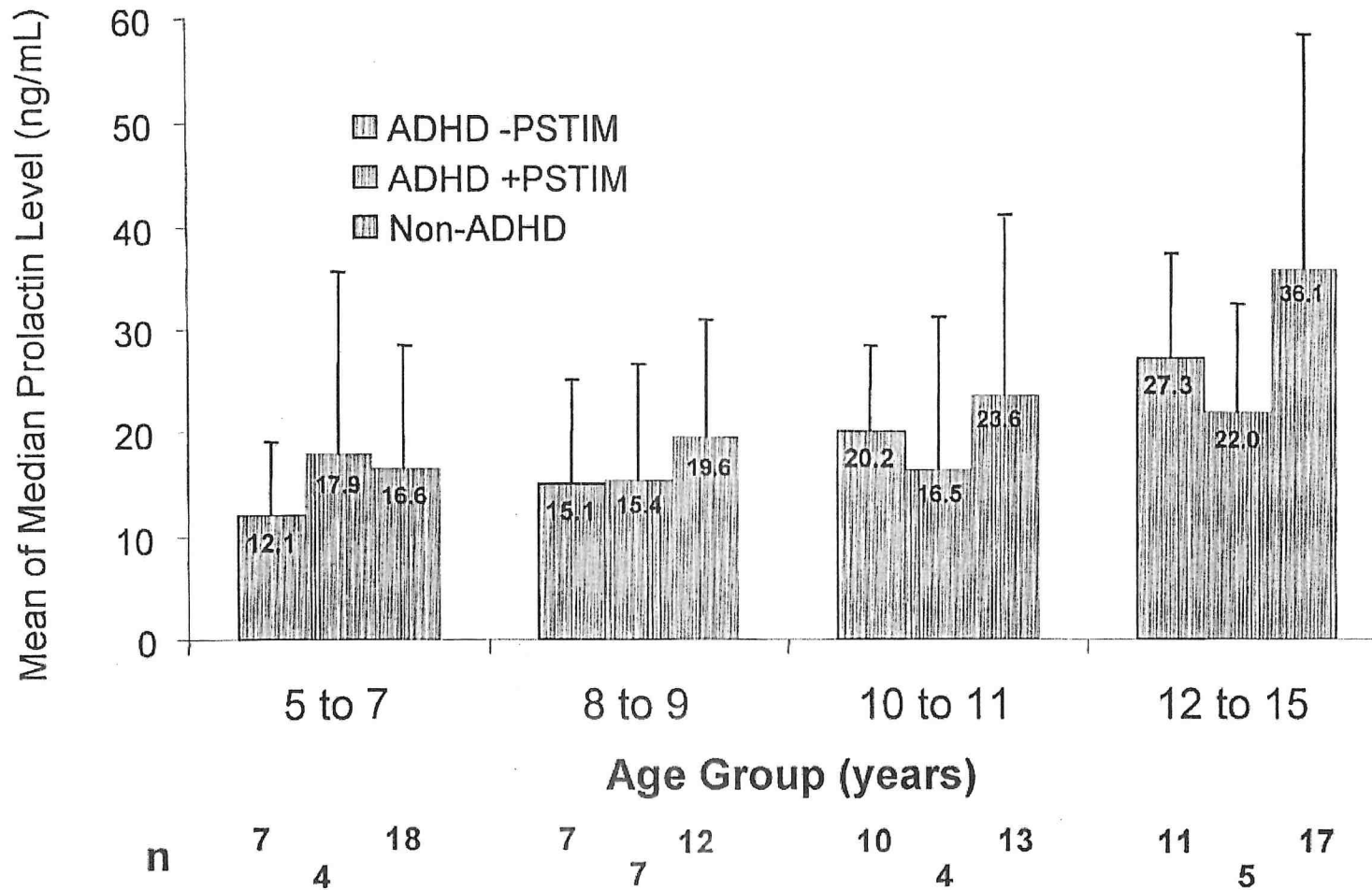
Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Analysis of Median Prolactin Level: Effect of ADHD Groups

- Boys only
- All age groups

| <b>Factor</b>                | <b>P-values</b> |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Age group                    | 0.57            |
| ADHD groups                  | 0.25            |
| Age group x ADHD interaction | 0.05            |

# PRL Level by Age and ADHD Group in Girls



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Analysis of Median Prolactin Level: Effect of ADHD Groups

- **Girls only**
- **All age groups**

| <b>Factor</b>                | <b><i>P</i>-values</b> |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Age group                    | 0.01                   |
| ADHD groups                  | 0.13                   |
| Age group x ADHD interaction | 0.88                   |

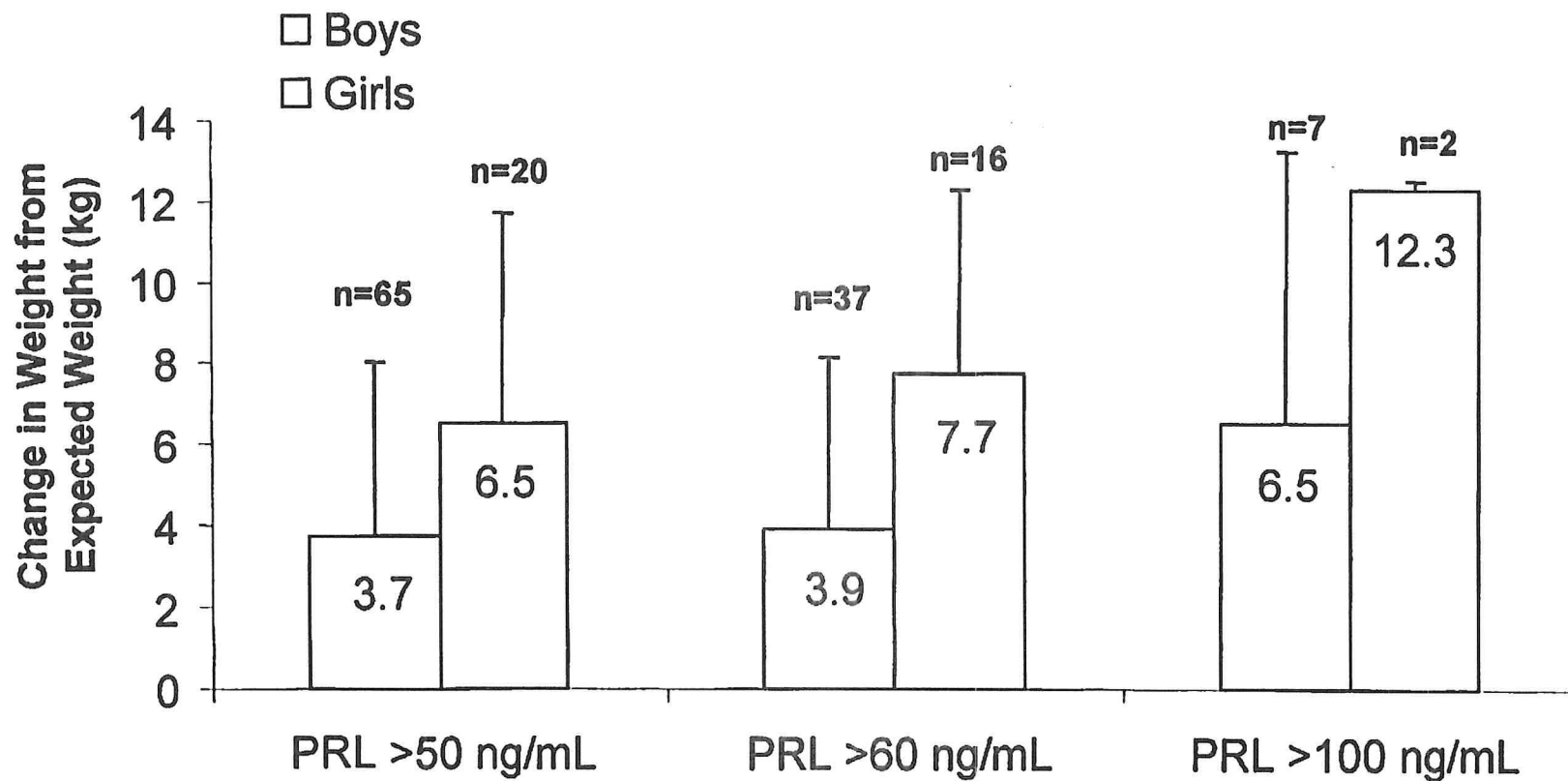
# Summary

- No association of PRL level and:
  - SHAP
  - Motor effects
  - Efficacy
  - ADHD and PSTIM

# Back-up Slides

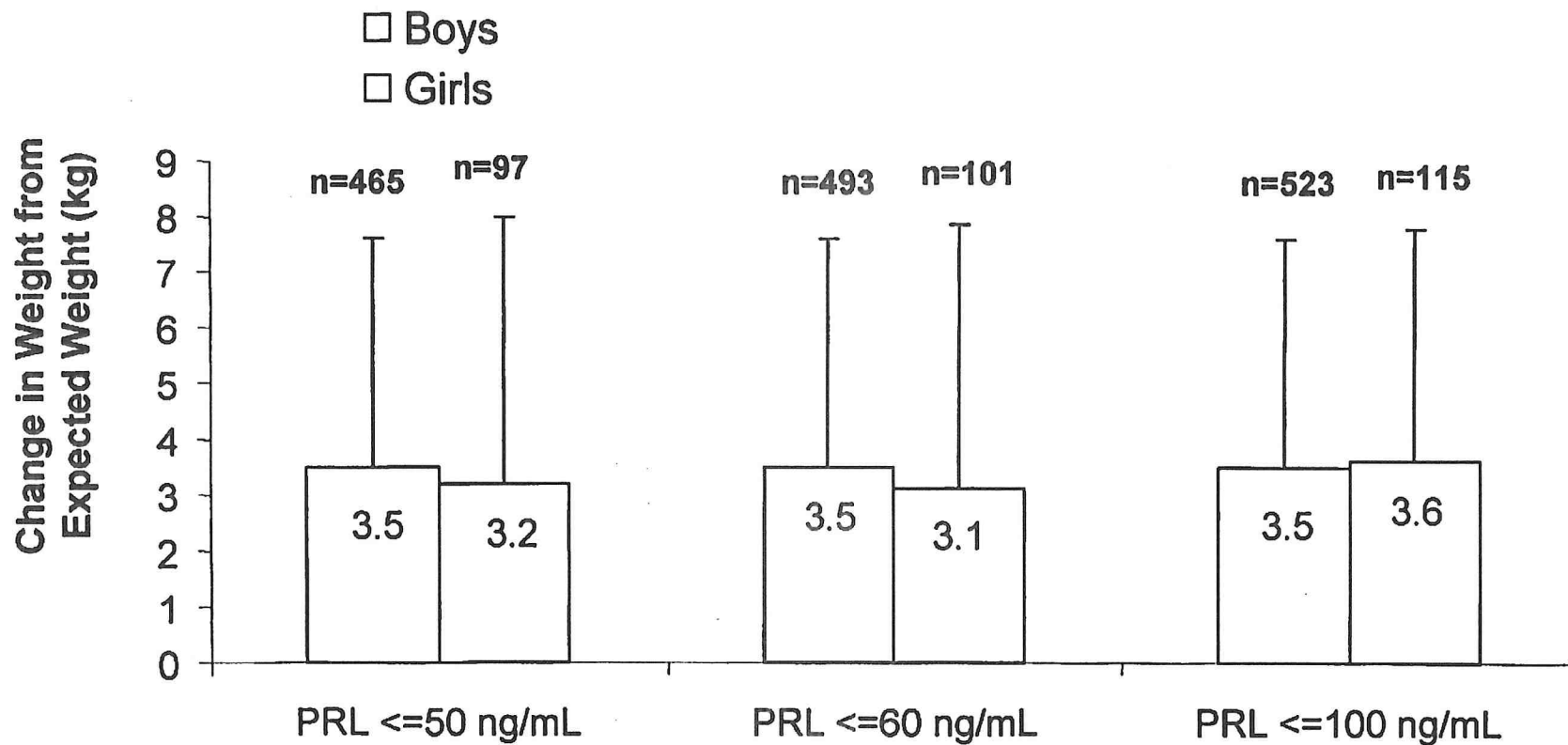


# Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Analysis of Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight: Effect of Prolactin

- $\leq 60$  vs  $> 60$
- Both genders
- All age groups

| Factor                               | P-values |
|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Age group                            | 0.06     |
| Gender                               | 0.12     |
| Age group x gender interaction       | 0.79     |
| PRL                                  | 0.01     |
| Age group x PRL interaction          | 0.63     |
| Gender x PRL interaction             | 0.05     |
| Age group x gender x PRL interaction | 0.86     |

Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Analysis of Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight: Effect of Prolactin

- $\leq 60$  vs  $>60$
- Boys only
- All age groups

| Factor                      | <i>P</i> -values |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Age group                   | 0.23             |
| PRL                         | 0.47             |
| Age group x PRL interaction | 0.98             |

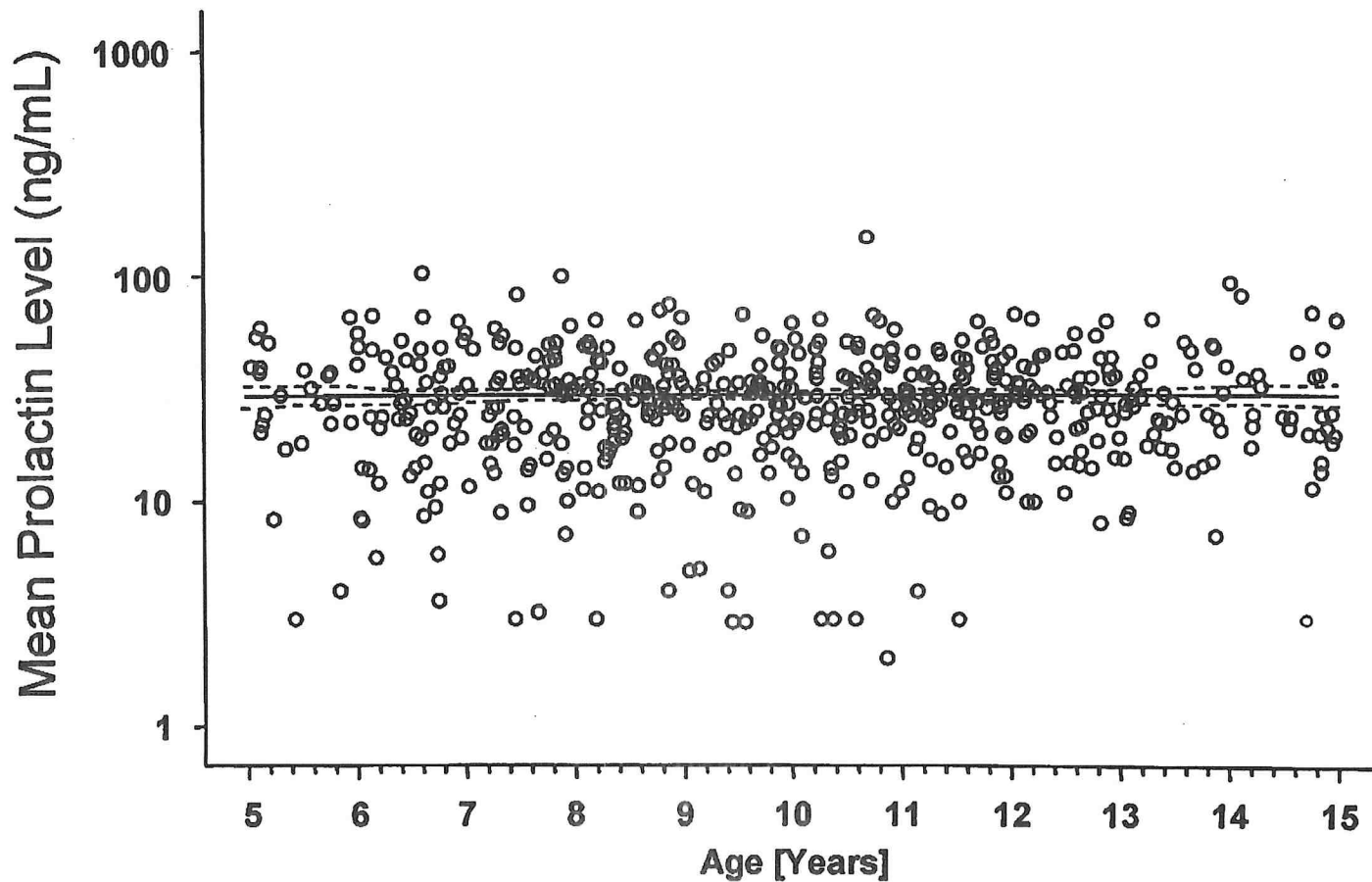
# Analysis of Change in Weight at Endpoint From Expected Weight: Effect of Prolactin

- $\leq 60$  vs  $> 60$
- Girls only
- All age groups

| Factor                      | <i>P</i> -values |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Age group                   | 0.35             |
| PRL                         | 0.02             |
| Age group x PRL interaction | 0.71             |

# Prolactin Levels vs Age

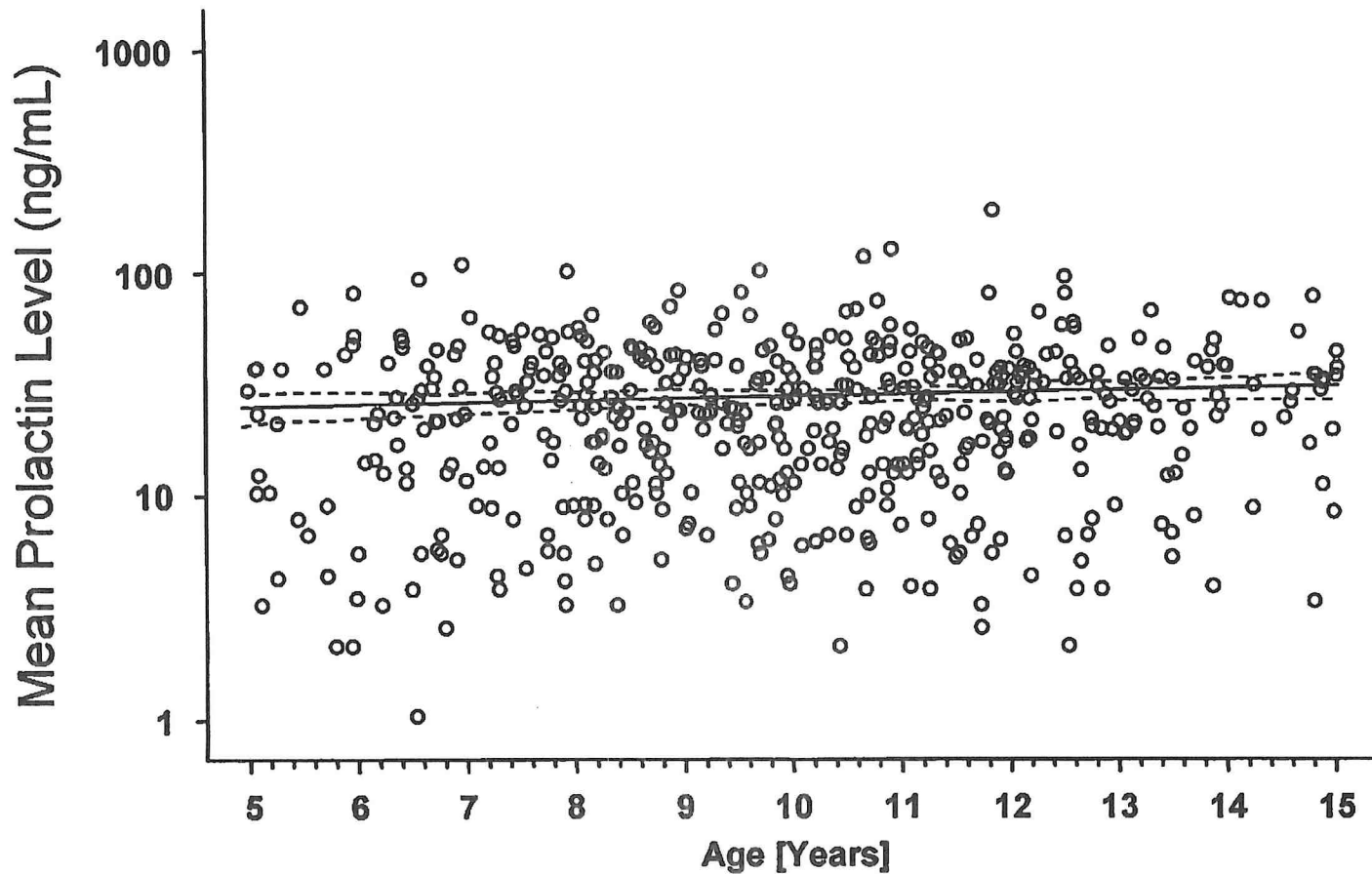
Weeks 4 to 7 (PA – as Observed): Log Scale



•Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Prolactin Levels vs Age

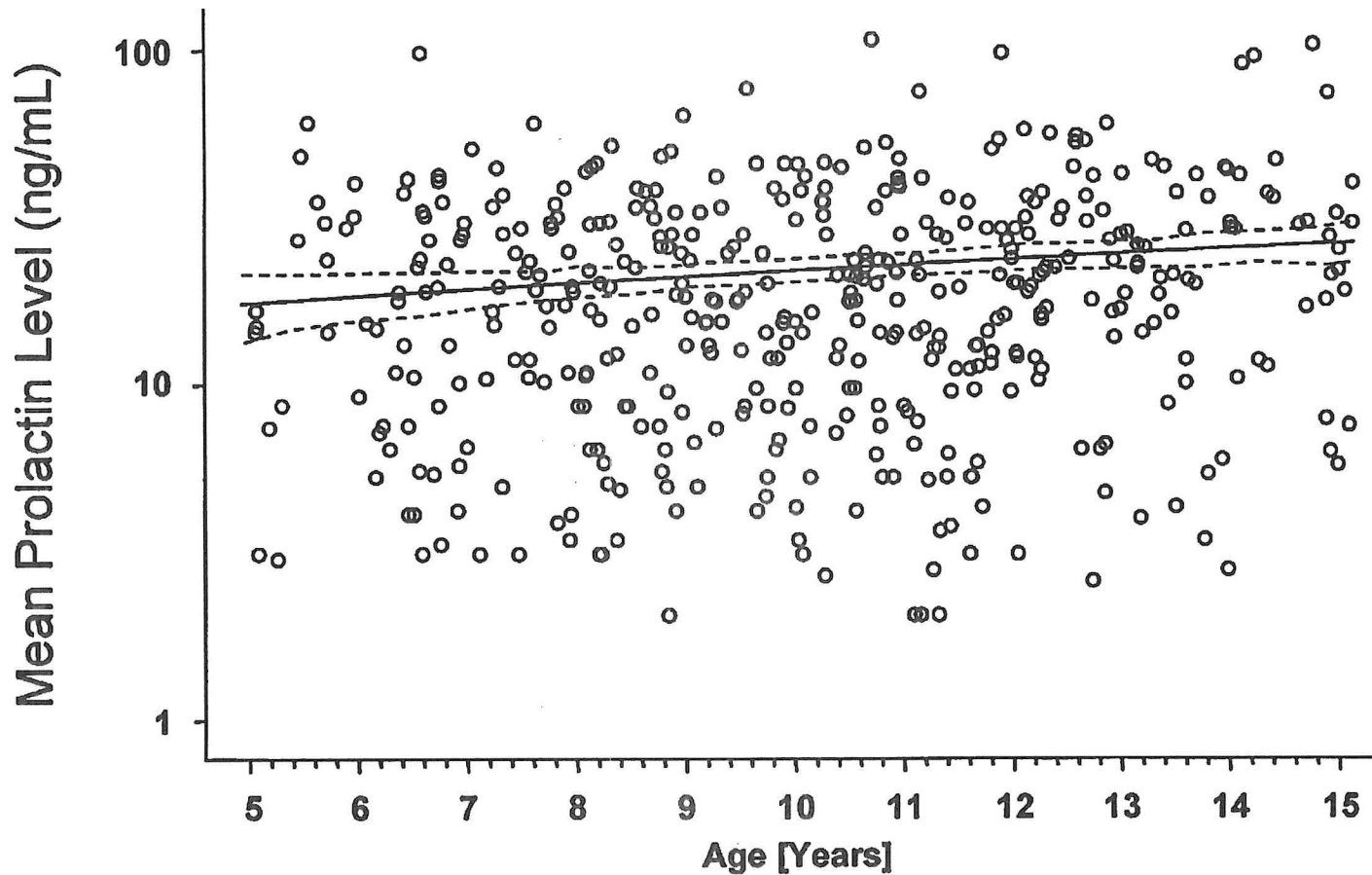
Weeks 8 to 12 (PA – as Observed): Log Scale



\*Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC

# Prolactin Levels vs Age

Weeks 16 to 24 (PA – as Observed): Log Scale

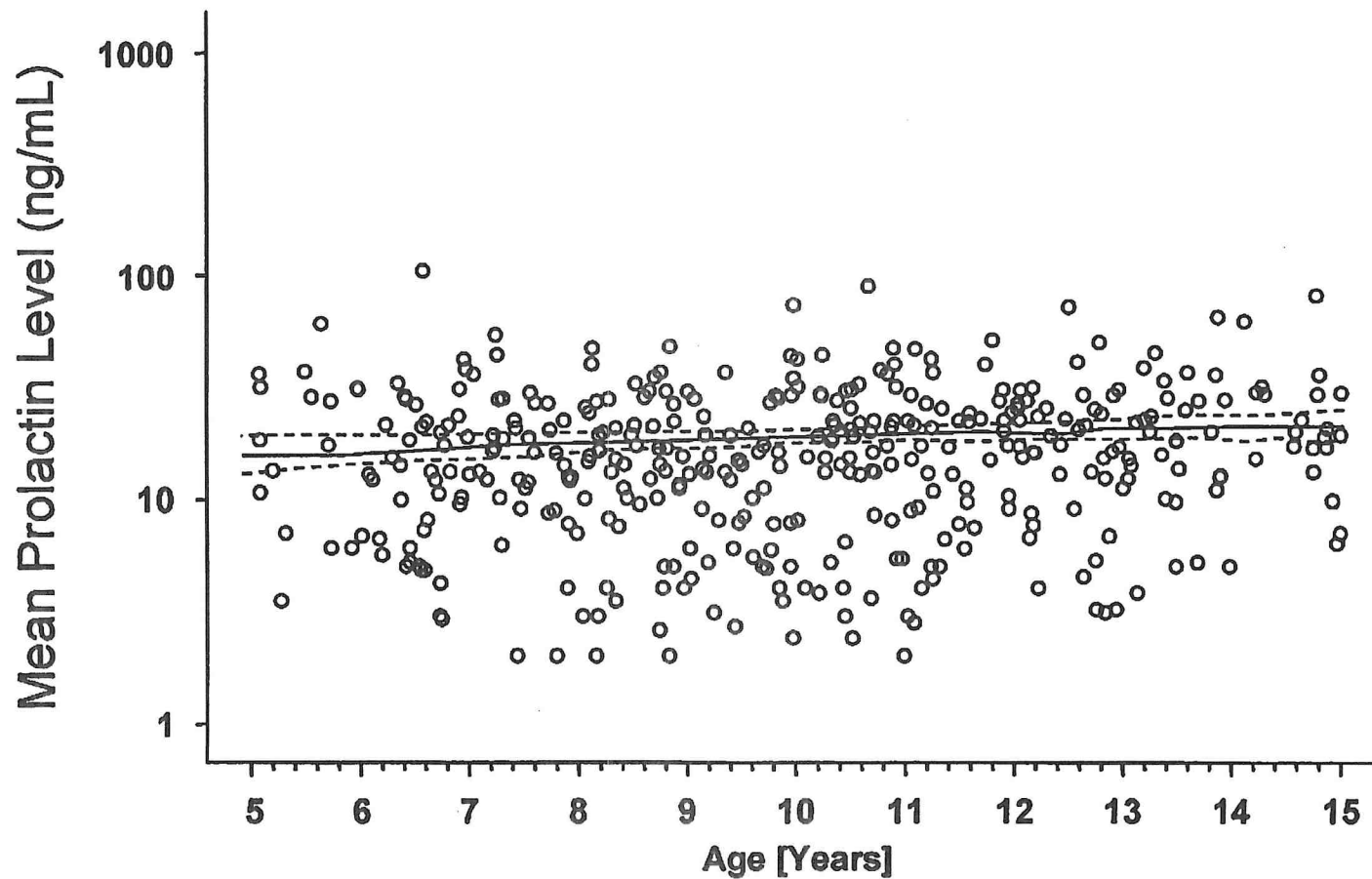


Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC



# Prolactin Levels vs Age

Weeks 28 to 36 (PA – as Observed): Log Scale



Data on file: Johnson & Johnson PRD, LLC